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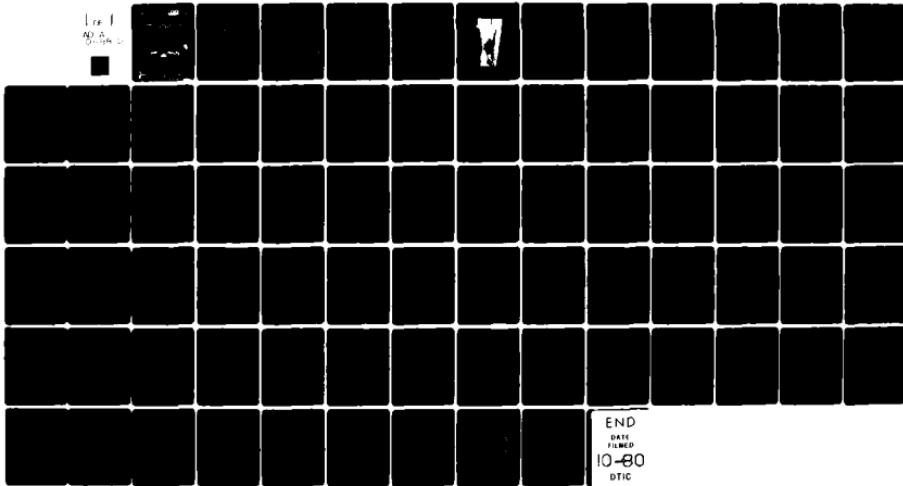
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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM, UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED SIT--ETC(U)  
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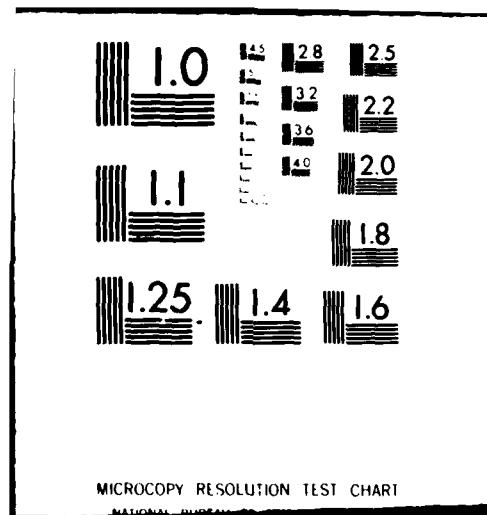
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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT  
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

REPORT DATE: 10 AUGUST 1985  
THE DATE IS REFERRED TO THE COMPLETION DATE  
OF THE INSPECTION ON THE DAM.  
NOTICE IS DATED.

10 AUG 1985

RECEIVED  
10 AUG 1985

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⑥ National Dam Inspection Program

UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED SITE #5  
(LAKE NEEDWOOD)  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
(NDI-MD-MD-00046)

Peterson Park, Box 3000  
Montgomery County, Maryland 20886

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

Prepared for: DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers  
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Prepared by: WATER RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION  
Department of Natural Resources  
Tawes Building  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Date: August, 1979



memo of understanding between State of  
Md and Corps.

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## PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I Inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT  
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

NAME OF DAM: Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site #5 (Lake Needwood)  
STATE Maryland  
COUNTY Montgomery  
STREAM: Upper Rock Creek  
DATE OF INSPECTION: June 15, 1979

ASSESSMENT: Based on the evaluation of the conditions as they existed on the date of the inspection and as revealed by visual observations, the condition of the dam at Upper Rock Creek Site #5 (Lake Needwood) is assessed to be good. This dam is an intermediate size, class I structure.

The spillway capacity is classified as adequate because it will pass the recommended spillway design flood of full Probable Maximum Flood according to the recommended criteria.

The following remedial measures and recommendations should be implemented as soon as possible: (See Section 7.2).

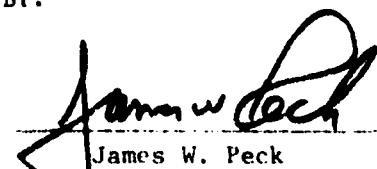
1. Re-establish the operating condition of the gated drain within the cold water release chamber.
2. Backfill and reseed all eroded areas and animal burrows.
3. Document operating procedures in writing.
4. Develop a warning system to warn downstream residents of large spillway discharges during periods of heavy rainfall and runoff or failure of the dam.

SUBMITTED BY: WATER RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION  
DAM SAFETY DIVISION

8/15/79  
Date

APPROVED BY:

11 Sep 79  
Date

  
James W. Peck  
Colonel, Corps of Engineers  
District Engineer



UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED SITE #5  
LAKE NEEDWOOD  
MD 00046

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
<b>SECTION 1 _ PROJECT INFORMATION</b>	1
1.1 General	1
1.2 Description of Project	1
1.3 Pertinent Data	2
<b>SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA</b>	5
2.1 Design	5
2.2 Construction	6
2.3 Operation	7
2.4 Evaluation	7
<b>SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION</b>	8
3.1 Findings	8
3.2 Evaluation	8
<b>SECTION 4 - OPERATION PROCEDURES</b>	9
4.1 Procedures	9
4.2 Maintenance of the Dam	9
4.3 Maintenance of the Operating Facilities	9
4.4 Warning System	9
4.5 Evaluation	9
<b>SECTION 5 - HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY</b>	10
5.1 Evaluation of Features	10
<b>SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY</b>	12
6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability	12
<b>SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT, REMEDIAL MEASURES, RECOMMENDATIONS</b>	15
7.1 Dam Assessment	15
7.2 Remedial Measures and Recommendations	15

## APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - Check List, Visual Inspection, Site Sketch, Phase I

APPENDIX B - Check List, Engineering Data, Design, Construction, Operation, Phase I

APPENDIX C - Location Map and Plans

APPENDIX D - Photographs

APPENDIX E - Analyses

APPENDIX F - Geology Report

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT  
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED SITE #5  
(LAKE NEEDWOOD)  
NDI NO. MD 00046

SECTION 1  
PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority. The inspection was performed pursuant to the authority granted by the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, to the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to conduct inspections of dams throughout the United States.

Purpose. The purpose of this inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project

a. Dam and Appurtenances. The dam at Upper Rock Creek Site #5, known locally as Lake Needwood, consists of a compacted zoned earth fill embankment approximately 65 feet high and 426 feet long. A cutoff trench, 12 to 20 feet wide, extends to the weathered rock in the foundation, 20 feet upstream of the dam's longitudinal centerline. At the same location, a grout curtain was installed on the right floodplain right abutment. The grassed slopes rise at 3H:1V upstream and downstream. A 12 foot berm is located on the upstream slope one foot below normal pool at elevation 322.5. Rock riprap extends from this level to elevation 327.5. The principal spillway riser concrete control towers connects to a 42-inch concrete outlet pipe which discharges to an excavated stilling basin. These facilities discharge uncontrolled normal flows up to the calculated 100 year frequency flood event and cold water releases through three gated inlets. Flood flows exceeding the calculated 100 year flood levels may be discharged through a trapezoidal grassed emergency spillway located beyond the left abutment. The emergency spillway crest is 27.5 feet above the normal pool elevation and 12.6 feet below the top of dam elevation.

b. Location. Lake Needwood is located approximately 2.5 miles northeast of Rockville in Montgomery County, Maryland. The structure impounds Rock Creek, eventually flowing through Washington, D.C. to the Potomac River.

c. Size Classification. The maximum height of the dam is 65 feet. The reservoir volume to the top of the dam at elevation 363.6 is 7320 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the "intermediate" size category.

d. Hazard Classification. Damage to downstream roads, intensely used recreational areas, and loss of more than a few lives would likely result from a failure of the dam. Accordingly, the dam is classified in the high hazard category.

e. Ownership. Lake Needwood is owned by the Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission, 6700 Needwood Road, Derwood, Maryland.

f. Purpose of Dam. The dam provides the multiple purposes of flood control and recreation.

g. Design and Construction History. The structure was designed by the Soil Conservation Service, Engineering and Watershed Planning Unit, Upper Darby Pennsylvania, in 1964. Construction was accomplished by Harris and Brooks and directed by the Soil Conservation Service. Construction began on August 14, 1964 and was completed on May 21, 1965.

h. Normal Operating Procedure. The dam operates as an uncontrolled structure. Normally, the pool level is maintained at elevation 323.5 by passage of base flows into the riser tower through the twin ungated orifices.

### 1.3 Pertinent Data

a. Drainage Area. Lake Needwood has a drainage area of 12.77 square miles.

b. Discharge at Dam Site. The maximum discharge at the dam site through the emergency spillway at elevation 351.0 is 25,652 cubic feet/sec. The maximum flood discharge at the dam site is unknown. However, Hurricane Agnes in June, 1972 caused a rise in pool elevation on to the approach slope of the emergency spillway approximately 26.5 feet above the normal pool.

#### c. Elevation (feet above mean sea level)

Top of Dam	363.6
Design High Water	355.5
Emergency Spillway Crest	351.0
Principal Spillway Riser Crest	335.5
Normal Pool	323.5
Streambed at Centerline of Dam	299.0

#### d. Reservoir (Miles)

Length of maximum pool	1.8
Length of normal pool	1.1

#### e. Storage (acre feet)

Normal pool	600
Principal Spillway Riser Crest	1755
Emergency Spillway Crest	4300
Design High Water	5100
Top of Dam	7320

f. Reservoir Surface (acres)

Top of dam	317
Design High Water	248
Emergency Spillway Crest	214
Principal Spillway Riser Crest	121
Normal Pool	74

g. Dam

Type	Earthfill
Length (feet)	426
Height (feet)	65
Top width (feet)	22
Side slopes - Upstream	3H:1V, 12 ft berm 1 ft. below normal pool
- Downstream	3H:1V
Impervious Core	Zoned construction
Cutoff trench	Compacted earthfill 20 ft upstream of centerline 12 to 20 ft. bottom width, 1H:1V side slopes, 17 ft. maximum vertical depth
Foundation Seepage Control	Single grout curtain, at cutoff trench centerline

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel

None

i. Emergency Spillway

Type	Trapezoidal, grassed, cut into natural earth beyond left abutment
Bottom width at control sec.	180
Crest elevation (feet above M.S.L.)	351.0
Gates	None
Approach Slope (%)	1
Exit slope (%)	2.0 for 150 ft
Total Length (ft)	840
Downstream channel	Spillway discharges perpendicular to dam axis to Rock Creek

j. Principal Spillway

Type	Reinforced concrete riser and 42 inch diameter R.C. outlet pipe
Riser height	36.5 ft.
Riser crest elevation (MSL)	335.5
Riser dimensions	
Inside	3.5 x 10.5 ft.
Outside	5.5 x 12.5 ft.

Length of Weir at elevation 335.5      2 @ 10.5 ft.  
Length of connecting 42 inch pipe      Approximately 408 ft.

k. Regulating Outlets

Gated 3-24-in. dia. Rodney Hunt

280 series Sluice Gates  
@ elev 315.0  
for cold water release  
@ elev 308.5  
for cold water release  
@ elev 303.0  
for drain

1-Shop fabricated Sluice

2 x 3.5 ft.  
@ elev. 303.0  
for cold water release  
@ elev. 325.5  
for normal release

Ungated 2-2 x 3 ft. openings

## SECTION 2 ENGINEERING DATA

### 2.1 Design:

a. Data Available: The dam at Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site No. 5, Lake Needwood Dam, was designed by the Soil Conservation Service, Engineering and Planning Unit, Upper Darby, Pennsylvania in 1964. The engineering data reviewed for this project consists of a Design Report, design drawings, construction and material specifications, as-built drawings dated April 1964, and Annual Operation and Maintenance Inspection Reports. A portion of the drawings are presented in Appendix "C", Location Map and Plans. The design report contains hydrologic and hydraulic data, laboratory consolidation and consolidated undrained triaxial tests for representative soil samples, slope stability studies, settlement analyses, estimates of seepage quantities through the foundation, structural analyses of appurtenant structures, and material quantity estimates. Logs of subsurface explorations including rock cores and water pressure tests are contained in the design drawings.

### b. Design Features

1. Hydrology and Hydraulics - The top of dam and the configuration of the outlet works were designed in accordance with Soil Conservation Service criteria for a Class "C" structure which corresponds to a high hazard dam as defined by the Phase I inspection guidelines. A complete discussion of the hydrologic and hydraulic design is contained in Section 5.

2. Embankment - The design drawings and specifications indicate the embankment to be zoned earth fill rolled to a minimum density of 95 per cent of the maximum dry density attained in accordance with the Standard Proctor Test (ASTM Standard D-698). The embankment is placed upon a foundation of medium dense to dense residual soil which was prepared by clearing and grubbing operations. The design drawings provide for a grout curtain cutoff on the right side of the dam. A cutoff trench of impervious soil extends approximately 3 feet into weathered rock with 1H to 1V side slopes and a bottom width varies from 12 feet along the right side of the foundation to 20 feet at the center and left side. The cutoff trench is continuous with an impervious zone in the embankment which extends from the base of the dam to a crest at elevation 337.5. The crest line of the impervious core is approximately 30 feet upstream of, and parallel to, the centerline of the dam. Both the trench and impervious zone were to be constructed of residual silty clay and clayey silt excavated from the floor of the emergency spillway and a nearby supplemental borrow area.

The main portion of the embankment consists of silty sand placed at a 3H to 1V configuration for both the upstream and downstream slopes. A berm, 12 feet in width, was constructed one foot below the normal pool elevation of 323.5. Riprap slope protection extends from the berm to a level 5 feet above the berm.

Internal drainage of the embankment is provided by a network of hydraulically connected filter trenches, blanket drain and rock fill toe on the downstream side of the dam. The filter trenches are situated along the steep left and right downstream abutments, extend vertically from the stripped groundline to a level about 3 feet below the weathered rock horizon, and drain into the seepage blanket near the downstream toe. The seepage blanket and trenches are constructed of well graded sand and gravel designed in accordance with methods recommended by the U.S.D.I., Bureau of Reclamation. A rock fill is placed at the downstream toe to provide free drainage of the internal seepage control system.

3. Appurtenant Structures - An overflow spillway riser of reinforced concrete is located on the left side of the dam and is drained by a 42 inch reinforced concrete pipe extending through the embankment to a riprap lined plunge pool. The riser structure is supported on a concrete pad with the foundation level to be determined during construction by the Engineer.

The spillway pipe is supported along most of its length by a reinforced concrete cradle and is surrounded by eleven concrete antiseep collars, 14 feet wide by 9 feet high minimum, placed at intervals of 24 feet. The spillway pipe trench is over excavated to a level several feet below the top of weathered rock and backfilled with impervious material to the pipe foundation level.

The riser tower contains a gate controlled drain with an intake invert at elevation 303.0, two 24-inch diameter gate controlled, cold water intakes at elevations 308.5 and 315.0, two low stage orifices at elevation 325.5 and two high stage weirs with crest elevations at 335.5. The low stage and high stage intakes are provided with trash racks.

The emergency spillway is located beyond the left abutment of the dam and is formed by cut into weathered schist material. The emergency spillway floor is 180 feet in width, rises at a grade of 1% for a length of 280 feet, reaches a 20 foot wide level crest at elevation 351.0, drops at a grade of 2% for 150 feet and .25% for 427 feet. The side slopes of the emergency spillway are constructed at a 2 1/2H to 1V configuration.

2.2 Construction: Construction specifications and as-built drawings are the only available construction documents. The as-built drawings generally reflect the intent of the design report, the design drawings and existing conditions. The as-built drawings indicate the details of the grouting program for the foundation along the right side of the dam including the spacing, depth, and grout quantities for each grout hole. Notations on the drawings indicate that the impervious zone within the embankment was extended to include an area from the upstream embankment toe to a location within 60 feet of the downstream toe. The extension was implemented to utilize excess quantities of clayey materials excavated in the borrow areas. Also, the downstream outer shell of coarse granular material was deleted due to the fact that the weathered schist was sufficiently disaggregated upon excavation and placement to be classified as a silty sand. The rockfill at the downstream toe was extended several

feet to more adequately protect the spillway pipe outlet at the plunge pool. The spillway riser foundation is shown to extend to competent rock.

2.3 Operation. Lake Needwood Dam was designed primarily as a self operating flood control structure with uncontrolled outlet works. Secondary benefits are derived from water recreation activities for Rock Creek Park operated by the Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission. Reports entitled "Annual Operation and Maintenance Inspection" are prepared by the Montgomery County Soil Conservation District and the owner on a regular basis. The only operational features on the dam are cold water intake gates on the spillway riser for downstream water quality. A cable controlled slide gate drain is also located at the base of the riser. At the time of inspection the cable was severed and the gate was inoperable.

2.4 Evaluation

a. Availability. The Design Report, design drawings, construction specifications, and as-built drawings are available in the files of the State of Maryland Water Resources Administration, Dam Safety Division and the Soil Conservation Service.

b. Adequacy. The available data is complete and adequate to evaluate the dam and appurtenant structure for the purposes of a Phase I study. Based upon review of this data the facility generally has been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice.

c. Operating Records. The only written operating records are the Annual Operation and Maintenance Inspection reports prepared by the local Soil Conservation District and the owner.

d. Post Construction Changes. Minor post construction changes consist of re-vegetating the embankment slopes and installing a fence network to deter foot traffic from the embankment slopes.

SECTION 3  
VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. General. The dam and its appurtenant structures were found to be in good overall condition at the time of the inspection, June 15, 1979. The complete visual inspection check list is presented in Appendix A.

b. Dam.

1. There is no cracking, sloughing or other appreciable movement in the embankment.
2. The vertical and horizontal alignment are good with no evidence of settlement. The as-built camber remains evident.
3. At the time of the inspection, there were no noticeable seepage areas.
4. There was one animal burrow located on the downstream slope.
5. There was a small eroded area on the service roadway beyond the right abutment.

c. Appurtenant Structures.

1. The concrete associated with the visible portions of the intake tower was in good condition.
2. The cable operating a drain gate on the cold water chamber is broken.

d. Reservoir Area. The reservoir slopes are primarily wooded. Sedimentation is reported by the owner in the upper reaches of the pool area. The forebay area upstream of Needwood Road was designed to trap sediment. Past flocculation experiments have been discontinued and, currently, biannual dredging is performed.

e. Downstream Channel. The discharge from the principal spillway and emergency spillway during rare flood events join approximately 2000 feet below the dam. In the immediate vicinity of the dam, Rock Creek flows beneath the Maryland Route 28 bridge and through parkland owned and operated by the Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission. The present demand of these lands as a recreational facility is reported to be 500,000 visitors annually.

3.2 Evaluation. With the exception of the inoperable draingate, the dam and its appurtenant structures are in good condition.

SECTION 4  
OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Procedure. The purpose of the dam at Upper Rock Creek Site #5 is to provide for recreation and flood control. Discharges to the downstream areas are uncontrolled through the intake tower and thence through the 42 inch concrete outlet pipe. Additionally, three different levels of controlled cold water releases may be accomplished.

4.2 Maintenance of the Dam. No written maintenance program has been established, but the general appearance of the dam indicates a high degree of care. The Maryland National Capital Park & Planning Commission has the responsibility to maintain the dam. It should be noted that the owner has, in the past, requested, received and followed advice of the Soil Conservation Service.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities. Reportedly, the inoperative conditions at the intake tower have spanned the last year. A written operating and maintenance policy should preclude, in the future, a similar condition.

4.4 Warning System. There is no formal warning system in effect.

4.5 Evaluation. The general operational procedures are satisfactory except that no formal warning system is in effect and maintenance procedures are unwritten.

## SECTION 5 HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY

### 5.1 Evaluation of Features.

a. Design Data. The dam at Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site #5 was designed for recreational and flood control purposes. The complete hydraulic design, satisfying the Soil Conservation Service's class "C" criteria, is included as the Hydrology and Hydraulics Section of the Engineer's Design Report dated April, 1964. The development of the inflow design flood under class "C" criteria closely approximates the recommended Spillway Design Flood of the full Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). According to the Design Report, the crest of the principal spillway riser is at the elevation attained by a 10 year frequency flood event. The crest of the emergency spillway was set at the elevation attained by the 100 year frequency flood event. Design High Water was then calculated by routing a flood hydrograph having 8.6 watershed inches of volume by starting at a pool elevation approximately 3 feet above normal pool to account for possible multiple storm events. The top of the embankment was set by routing a flood hydrograph having 24.7 watershed inches of runoff volume with the same assumption of starting elevation.

b. Experience Data As previously stated, the dam at Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site #5 is classified as an intermediate size dam in the high hazard category. Under the recommended criteria for evaluating spillway discharge capacity, such structures are required to pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Since the dam was constructed, the maximum pool elevation was attained during Hurricane Agnes in 1972 and reportedly reached within 1 foot of the emergency spillway crest. According to the Design Report, the storm of record (August, 1933) would have reached pool elevation 352.2 or approximately 1 foot above the emergency spillway crest. No written or verbal records indicate that the emergency spillway has been activated.

c. Visual Observations. On the date of the inspection no conditions were observed that would indicate that the emergency spillway of the dam could not operate satisfactorily in the event of a flood.

d. Overtopping Potential. To check the Freeboard Hydrograph procedure as applied to the dam, the full PMF inflow hydrograph was routed through Lake Needwood according to the recommended guidelines. The results are presented in Appendix E. The analyses indicate that the full PMF can be discharged without overtopping the embankment.

e. Spillway Adequacy. The Design Report together with the current results indicate that the reservoir storage and spillway capacity can discharge the full PMF. Accordingly, the spillway is considered adequate.

f. Downstream Conditions. As previously discussed in Section 3, damages, as a result of dam failure, to Rock Creek Park, and State roads are considered likely. Due to the heavy recreational use, loss of life is probable.

SECTION 6  
STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. Visual Observations. No visible signs of appreciable movement or distress were detected in the earthen embankment or appurtenant structures. No seepage points or wet zones were detected on the downstream face of the dam, at the toe or beyond the toe. The water in the stilling basin was clear and no indication of loss of embankment or internal drain filter material was detected. The vegetative cover of emergency spillway was well established and the side slopes uniform and stable. With the exception of the inoperative drain gate, visual observations revealed the dam and appurtenant structures to be in excellent condition.

b. Design and Construction Data.

1. Embankment. Based upon the subsurface data, the embankment was placed on dense to medium dense residual soil which appears competent to support the design load. A consolidation test was performed on a portion of the least dense silt sample obtained during the foundation exploration, and a settlement analysis utilizing the test results indicated that approximately 6 inches of foundation settlement was anticipated in the design. This sample and another sample representative of average conditions within the foundation soil were subjected to triaxial testing and the lowest strength parameters of  $\phi$  equal to  $20.5^\circ$  and cohesion equal to 825 p.s.f. were utilized in slope stability analyses.

Representative samples of compacted embankment material were also subjected to triaxial testing and average strength values of  $\phi$  equal to  $31^\circ$  and  $C=300$  p.s.f. were recommended for use in slope stability studies. These values are considered reasonable for effective stress analysis of the clayey silts, silty clays and silty sands utilized in the embankment construction. Slope stability analyses were performed for the upstream slope utilizing the Swedish Circle method with the slide arc assumed to occur from the downstream crest of the embankment through the upstream toe of slope. Four trials were performed and the lowest factor of safety computed was 1.59 which was conservatively derived utilizing the lowest strength foundation material and low strength values for the embankment material. The downstream slope was analyzed by a sliding block analysis which yielded a minimum factor of safety of 1.51 assuming no cohesion in the foundation materials. Based upon the design review, these analyses are considered to have adequately addressed the static slope stability of the dam.

In order to compensate for residual settlement of the embankment and foundation materials upon completion of the dam, two feet of fill was added to the design crest at the maximum section. The additional height was determined by a settlement analysis utilizing the results of the consolidation test on the foundation materials and an estimate of consolidation of the embankment materials from the consolidation phase of the triaxial tests. The analysis was apparently conservative since the camber provided for the crest during construction is still readily visible.

Design data for the internal seepage control system was limited to the details on the as-built drawings of the filter drain trenches, filter blanket, cutoff trench, and grouting program along the right side of the dam. Filter design was based upon the coarse granular weathered rock material which was anticipated by the designers to be excavated in the emergency spillway and placed as a pervious zone in the downstream slope. Since this material disaggregated substantially upon excavation, placement, and compaction, this zone was deleted during construction. In addition, an abundance of silty clay and clayey silt borrow materials caused the impervious core to be extended downstream over the seepage control filter blanket. The as-built drawings do not indicate any modification of the design filter gradation to account for the finer material placed over the filter. As such, the drainage efficiency of the filter blanket may decrease due to migration of a larger percentage of fines than intended.

Average seepage quantities through the foundation were estimated to range between 40 gallons per minute at normal pool to 142 gallons per minute with the reservoir level at el. 350. These quantities were based upon average permeability values of 10 feet per day for the upper 20 feet of foundation material and 5 feet per day for the next 20 feet of depth, assuming no grouting of the foundation. Flow nets, derivation of exit gradients, seepage quantity estimates after partial grouting, and filter trench drainage capacities were not addressed in the design report. The geologic interpretations of the water pressure testing and rock core fractures relative to the foundation grouting along the right side of the dam were also not addressed in the design report. Review of the subsurface data did not reveal any substantial differences to warrant grouting of the one side of the foundation and not the other. Based upon the observed dry conditions downstream, however, the grouting program and internal drainage system appear to be functioning satisfactorily.

2. Appurtenant Structures. Based upon the data in the design report, the appurtenant structures were designed in accordance with good engineering practice. The reinforced concrete elements were analysed for maximum loading conditions by the working stress method utilizing 300 p.s.f. concrete and a steel allowable stress of 20,000 k.s.i.

c. Operating Procedures

Detailed operating procedures are unwritten and were unavailable for review. The Annual Operation and Maintenance Inspection sheets were reviewed and they did not reveal any major deficiencies which might affect the integrity of the dam.

d. Post Construction Changes

The post construction changes of re-vegetation and fencing of the embankment slopes should aid in maintaining the stability of the dam.

e. Seismic Stability

Lake Needwood Dam is located in seismic zone 1 and seismic stability is predicated upon static stability with conventional margins of

safety. The static stability is considered sufficient to withstand minor earthquake induced forces.

SECTION 7  
ASSESSMENT, REMEDIAL MEASURES  
AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Dam Assessment.

a. Safety. Based upon visual inspection and review of design and construction documents, the dam at Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site #5 appears to presently be in good condition. Preliminary hydrologic and hydraulic analyses indicate the emergency spillway is capable of passing PMF without overtopping of the dam.

b. Adequacy of Information. The available information consists of as-built construction drawings, Engineer's Design Report and Test Results. The available information is adequate to assess the project.

c. Urgency. The recommendations should be implemented as soon as possible.

d. Necessity for Additional Studies. No additional engineering studies are necessary at this time.

7.2 Remedial Measures and Recommendations.

a. Dam and Appurtenant Structures

1. Re-establish the operating condition of the gated drain within the cold water release chamber.
2. Backfill and reseed all eroded areas and animal burrows.

b. Operation and Maintenance Procedures

1. Document operating procedures in writing.
2. Develop a warning system to warn downstream residents of large spillway discharges during periods of heavy rainfall and runoff or failure of the dam.

APPENDIX A

CHECK LIST - VISUAL INSPECTION, SITE SKETCH, PHASE I

Check List  
Visual Inspection  
Phase I

Name of Dam Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site #5 ID # MD 00046  
Common Name of Dam / Lake Lake Needwood

County Montgomery State Maryland  
Type of Dam Earth Hazard Category 1

Date(s) of Inspection 6/15/79 Weather Clear / Sunny  
/ / Temperature 75°F

Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 323.5± MSL Tailwater 298.2± MSL  
Normal Pool Elevation 323.5 MSL

Inspection Personnel:

Water Resources Administration	M.N.O.P.P.C.	U.S.D.A.-S.C.S.	Montg.S.C.D.
<u>J. O. Smith</u>	<u>Jerry Bush</u>	<u>Richard Nagel</u>	<u>Bob Rakestraw</u>
<u>T. J. Moynahan</u>	<u>John M. Bowen (Mac)</u>	<u>Larry Herrington</u>	
<u>J. M. Wagner</u>		<u>George Daelemans</u>	
<u>R. T. Folkman</u>			
<u>L. J. Arthurs</u>			

VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
EMBANKMENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF		OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None	
SLoughing OR Erosion OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES	None	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST	Good, camber on crest is discernable	
RIPRAP FAILURES	No failures on upstream slope No failures at toe	

VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
EMBANKMENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF		OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM		No noticeable erosion
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE		None
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER		N/A
DRAINS		Cable snapped for drain gate, other 3 gates operable.

VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
OUTLET WORKS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	None
INTAKE STRUCTURE	No cracking or spalling
OUTLET STRUCTURE	No discernable deflection, see site sketch for chipping pipe top.
OUTLET CHANNEL	Well vegetated channel bank.
EMERGENCY GATE (DRAIN)	Cable broken

VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
UNGATED EMERGENCY SPILLWAY

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	N/A
APPROACH CHANNEL	Short grass and clear.
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Short grass and clear
BRIDGE AND PIERS	N/A

VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
INSTRUMENTATION

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	Bench marks for sedimentation survey in pool area. No verticle or horizontal control for embankment or spillway
OBSERVATION WELLS	None
WEIRS	None
PIEZOMETERS	None

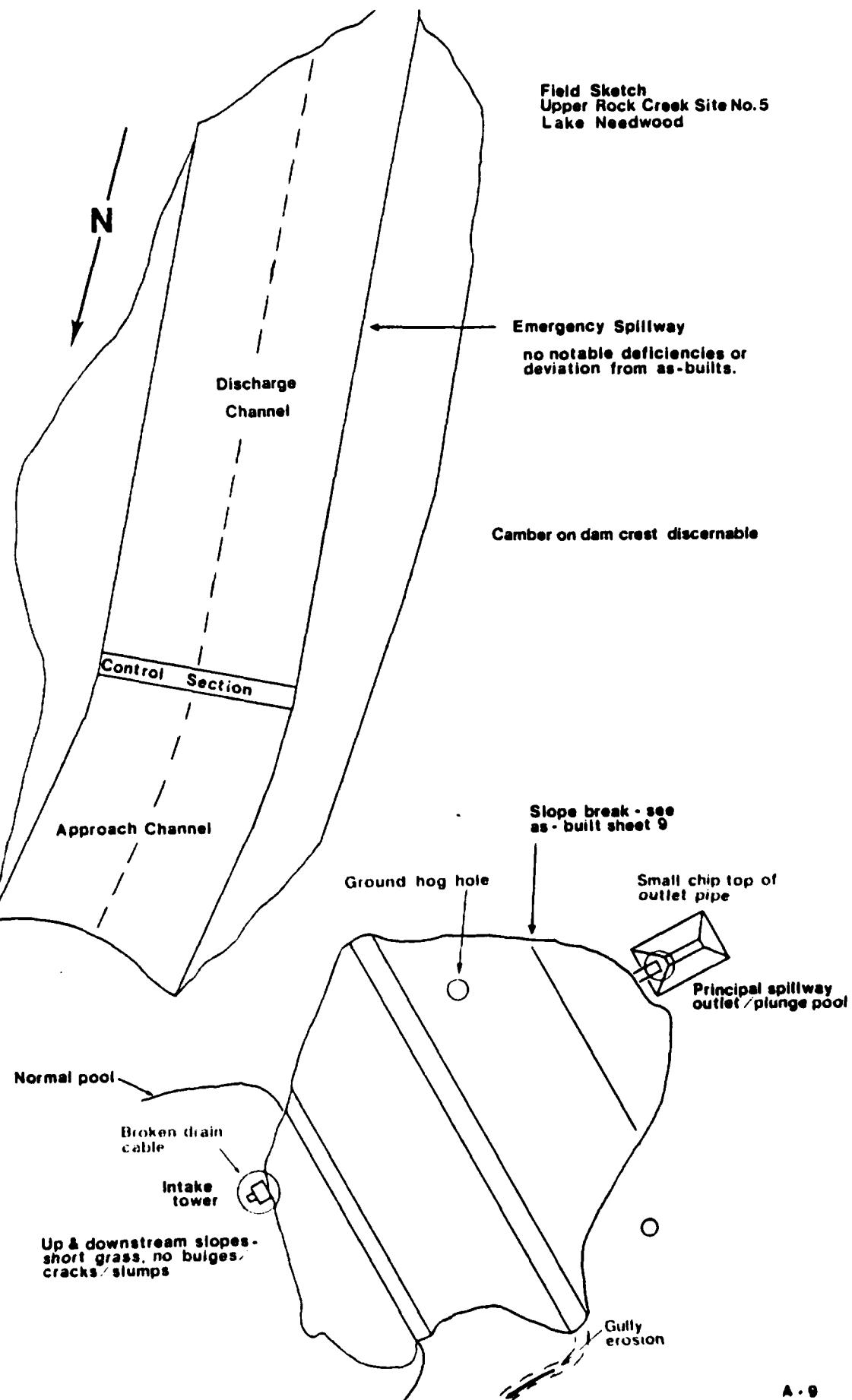
VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
RESERVOIR

<u>VISUAL EXAMINATION OF</u>	<u>OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS</u>
SLOPES	Stable in recreation areas, are maintained as beach of walkway areas.
SEDIMENTATION	Flocculation experiments in forebay area (Dow Chemicals) discontinued. Forebay was designed to fill up; however, forebay is dredged out every two years (upstream of Needwood Rd.).

VISUAL INSPECTION  
PHASE I  
DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS/RECOMMENDATIONS
CONDITION (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	None at present, has been cleaned in past (5 years).
SLOPES	Stable well vegetated banks, gravelly bottom.
APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION	No homes apparent in immediate danger reach but heavy recreational use of downstream Rock Creek Park, Md. Rte. 28 downstream.
MISC.	4-500,000 annual usage of lake facilities.

Field Sketch  
Upper Rock Creek Site No. 5  
Lake Needwood



APPENDIX B

CHECK LIST - ENGINEERING DATA, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION,  
PHASE I

DAM NAME: Upper Rock Creek Site #5  
COMMON NAME: Lake Needwood  
ID #: MD 00046

CHECK LIST  
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC  
ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS: Wooded stream valleys, farming and new home development. SCS design Runoff Curve Number 82.

ELEVATION TOP OF NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 323.5 (600)

ELEV. TOP OF FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 351.0 (4300)

ELEVATION MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: 355.5 (5100)

ELEVATION TOP OF DAM: 363.6

CREST-Principal Spillway Riser

- a. Elevation 355.5 (crest) 317.0 (top slab)
- b. Type Reinforced Concrete Riser
- c. Width Two 10.5 ft. long crests
- d. Number and Type of Gates Three 24" diameter Rodney Hunt 280 Series Sluice Gates, one at 315.0, one at 308.5, both for cold water release; one at 303.0 for drain. One 2 ft. x 3.5 ft. wide sluice gate at elev. 303.0 for drain.
- e. Ungated Orifice Twin 2 ft. x 3 ft. wide openings at elev. 325.5 for normal releases.

CREST-Emergency Spillway (Earth Cut)

- a. Elevation 351.0
- b. Width 180.0 feet
- c. Length 840 feet
- d. Location beyond left abutment

OUTLET WORKS:

- a. Type 42" R.C. Pipe
- b. Location station 3+01 (left of center of dam)
- c. Entrance Inverts 303.0
- d. Exit Inverts 299.0
- e. Emergency Drawdown Facilities
- f. Length 408 feet

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES:

	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Hourly</u>
a. Type	<u>NOAA-NWS</u>	<u>NOAA-NWS</u>
b. Location	<u>Rockville 3 NE</u>	<u>College Park</u>
c. Records	<u>32 yrs. of record</u>	<u>93 yrs. of record</u>

ITEM	EMERGENCY	REMARKS	PRINCIPAL
SPILLWAY PLAN	Refer to plan sheet 3 for layout	Refer to plan sheet 3 for layout	
SECTIONS	Refer to plan sheet 7 for profile	Refer to plan sheet 9 for profile	
DETAILS	N/A	Refer to plan sheet 17,18,19,20, for structural details.	
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS		Refer to plan sheet 17 for gate location & nomenclature.	

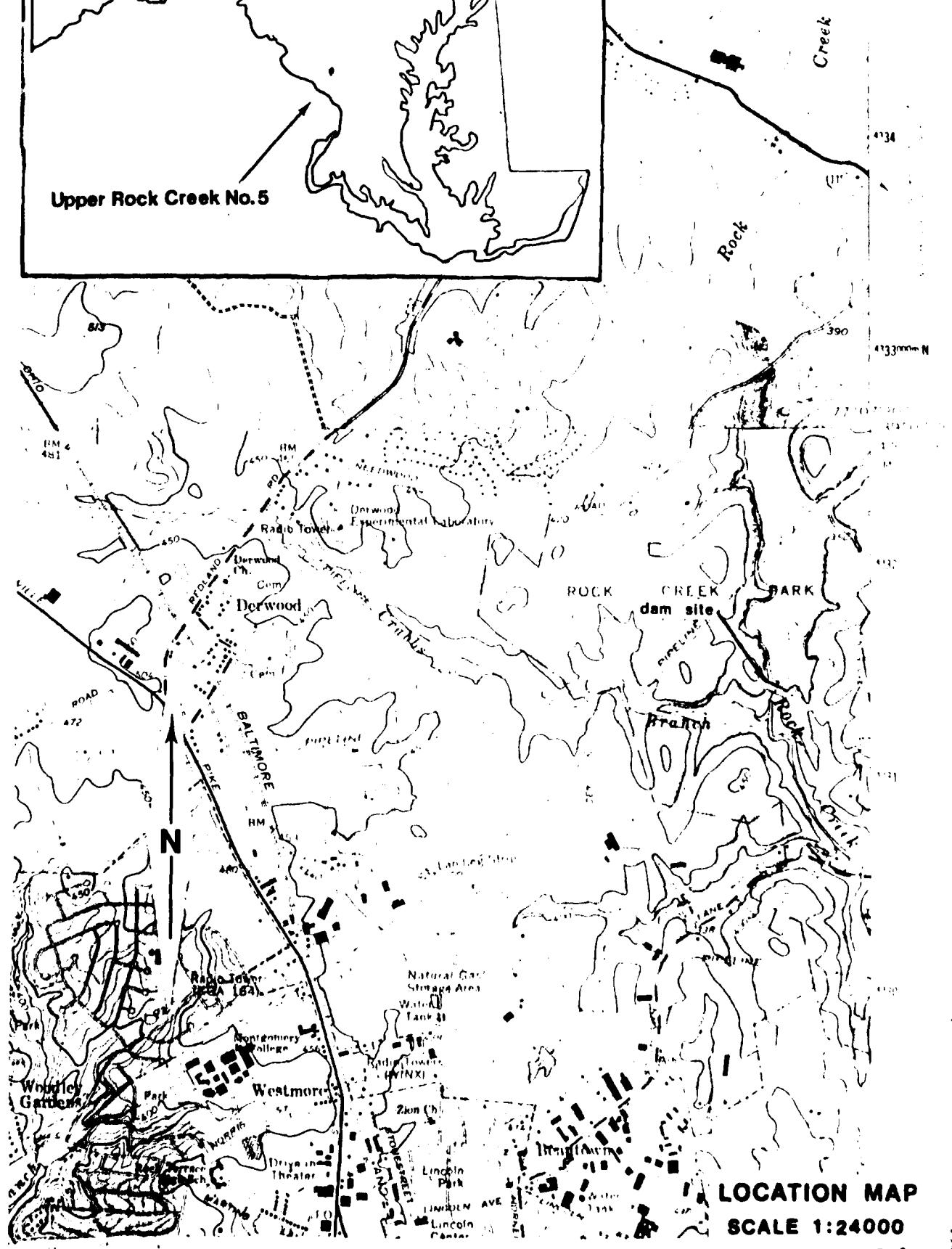
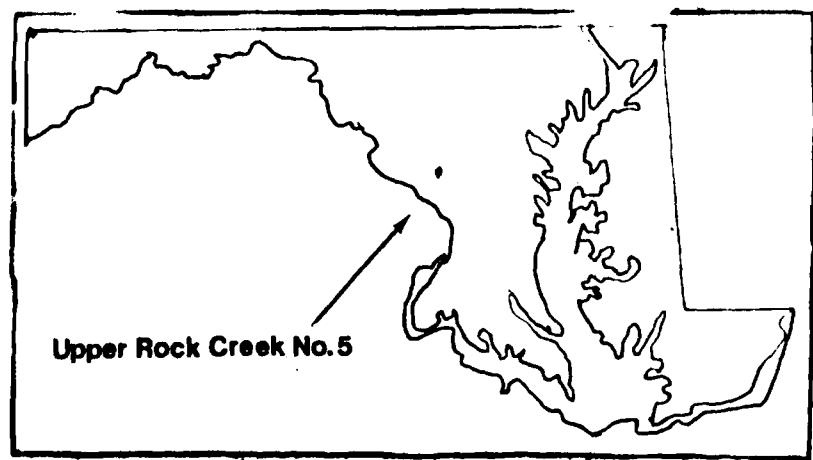
ITEM	REMARKS
MONITORING SYSTEMS	None installed
MODIFICATION	1-Winch operated slide gate for bottom orifice of cold water mixing chamber designed by College Park Office of SCS, plan sheet dated 8/16/67.
HIGH POOL RECORDS	Not recorded
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES & REPORTS	Annual Operation & Maintenance Inspection Report by SCS dated 3/30/67, 4/25/68, 12/12/74 & 11/3/77. Trip Report 13 July 72 by Corps of Engineers. Water Quality Studies 12/7/67 by Water Resources Administration.
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OF FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION, REPORTS-	None Verbal report of high water during Hurricane Agnes.

ITEM	REMARKS
MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS	No written history of maintenance performed, see annual O&M reports for deficiencies/remedial measures recommended.
MISC.	Water Resources Construction Permit 64-OB-0003 dated May 14, 1964.
DESIGN REPORTS	Design Report for Upper Rock Creek Watershed Site No. 5 Dated April, 1964 by USDA-SCS Upper Darby, Pa.
GEOLOGY	Included in Design Report Section II.
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	Included in Design Report Included in Design Report as Section III Included in Design Report as Section IV Included in Design Report as Section IV

ITEM	REMARKS
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	Included in Design Report as Section II. For borings see plan sheets 11-16. Included in Design Report as Section II.
POST CONSTRUCTION SURVEY OF DAM	See as-built drawings
BORROW SOURCES	See plan sheet 5.
AS BUILT DRAWINGS	Available
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	Available

ITEM	REMARKS
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	See as-built drawings
OUTLET-PLANS -DETAILS -CONSTRAINTS -DISCHARGE RATINGS	See as-built drawings See as-built drawings See Design Report Section III, Sheet 24
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	Daily rainfall records obtained by owner for National Weather Service in vicinity of Regional Park; no pool records maintained.

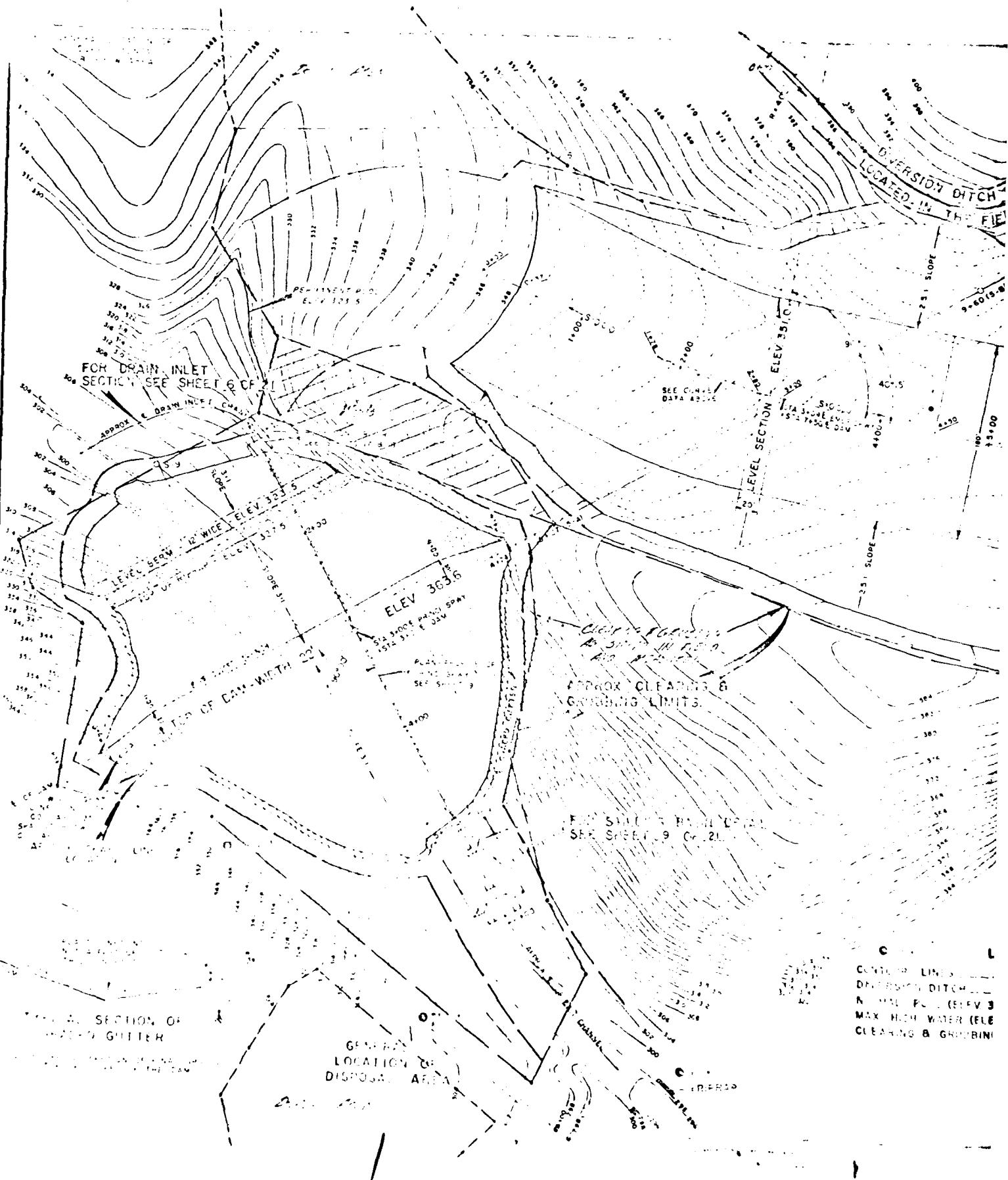
APPENDIX C  
LOCATION MAP & PLANS

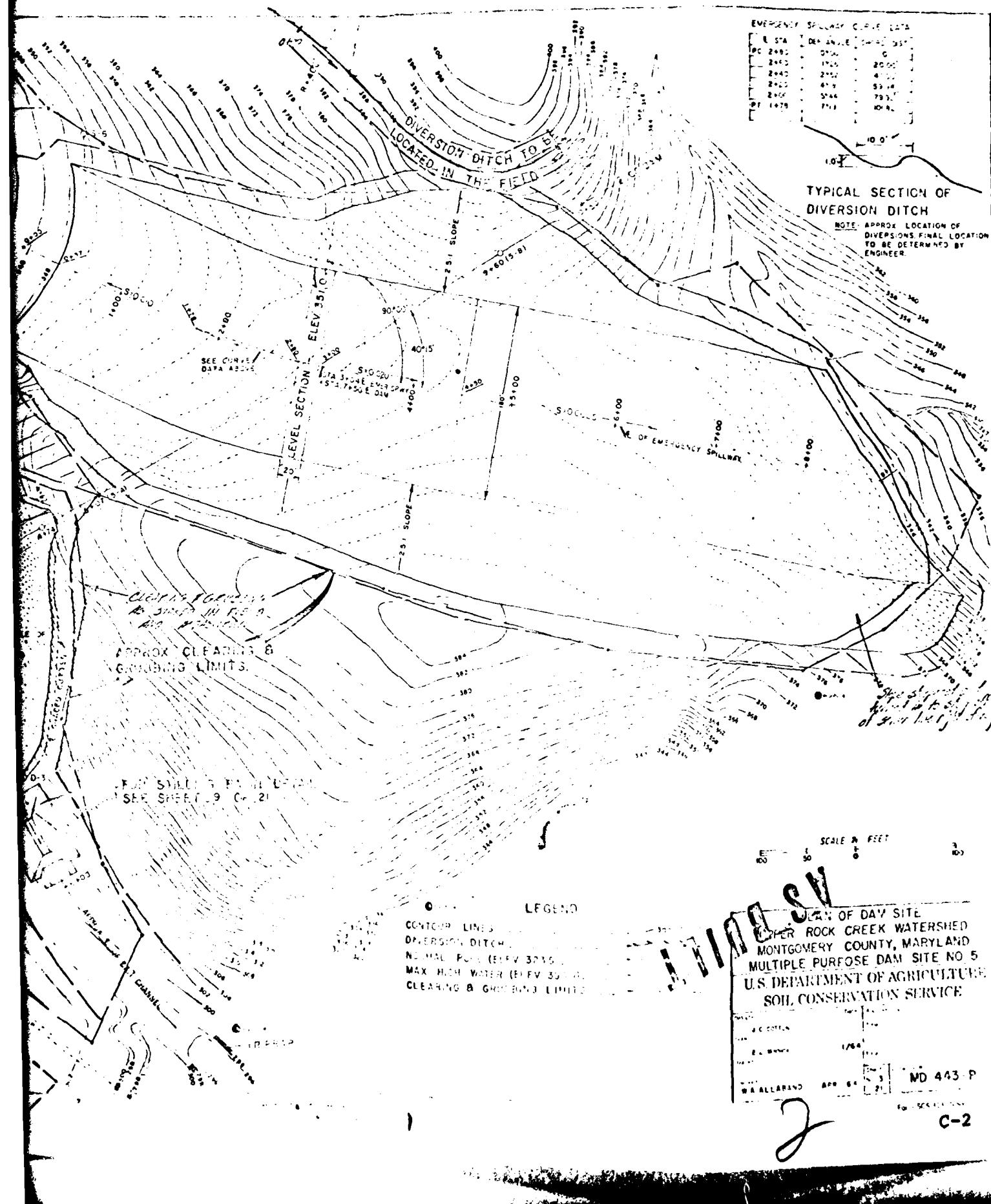


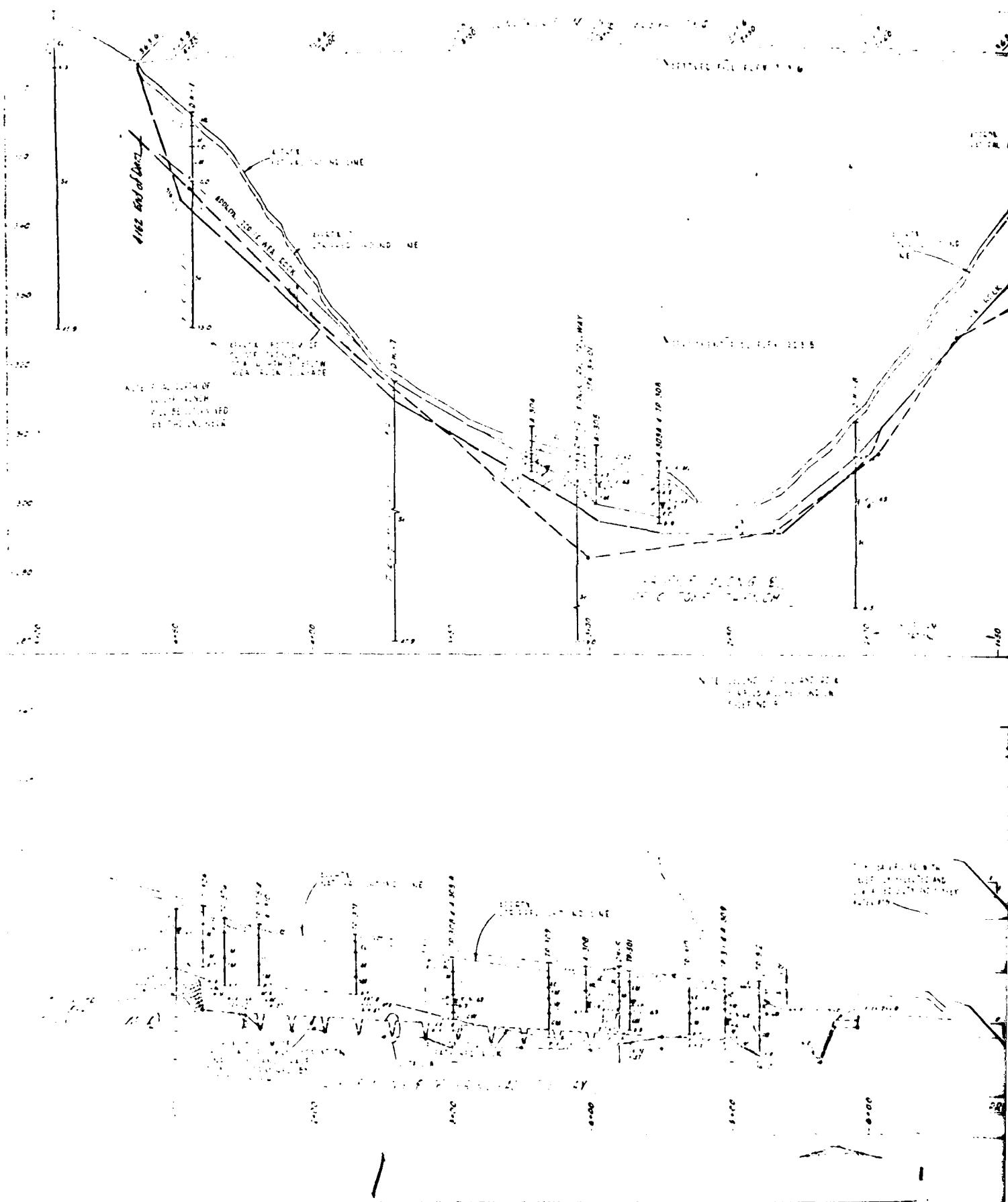
## LOCATION MAP

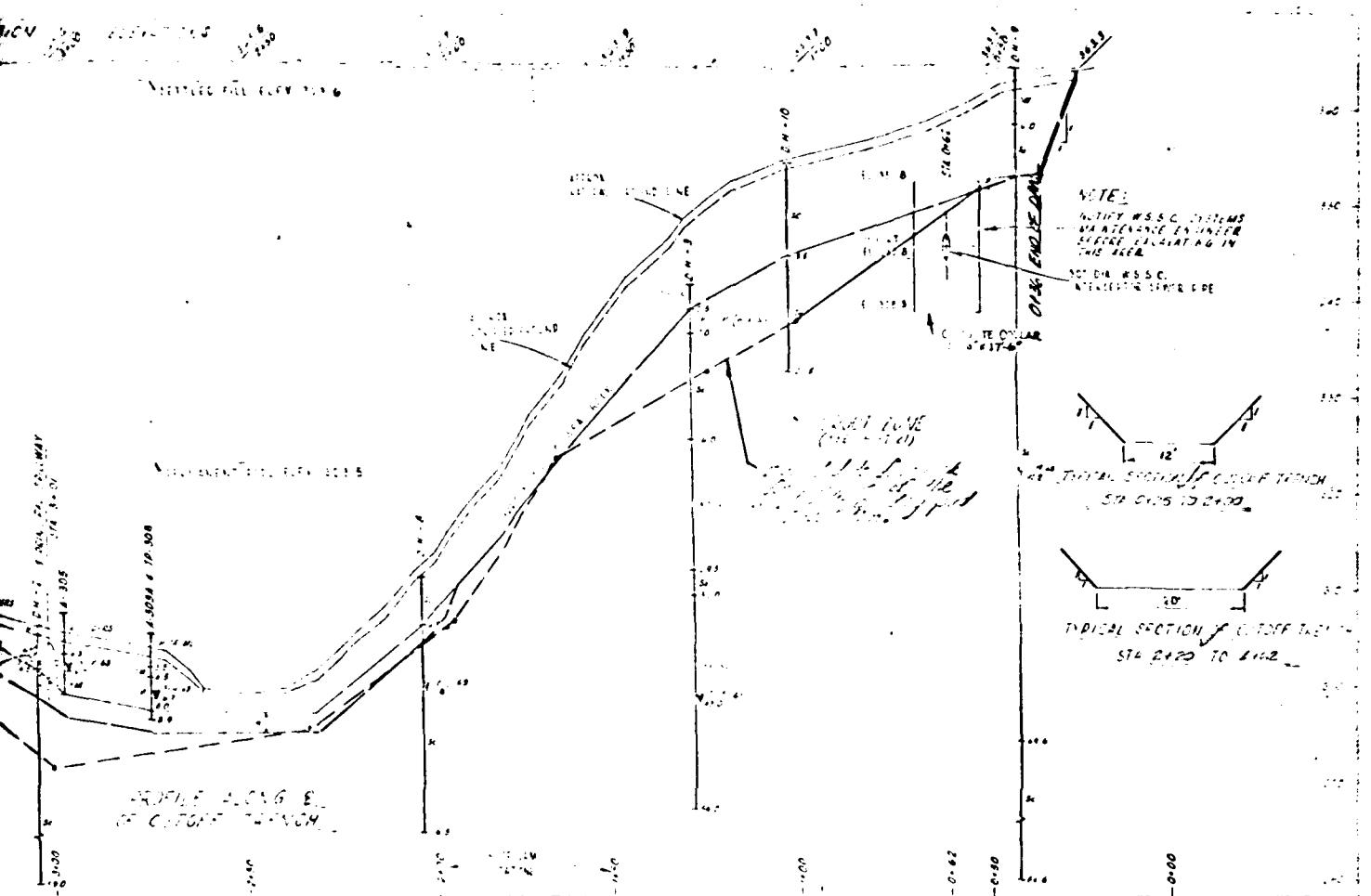
**SCALE 1:24000**

C-1









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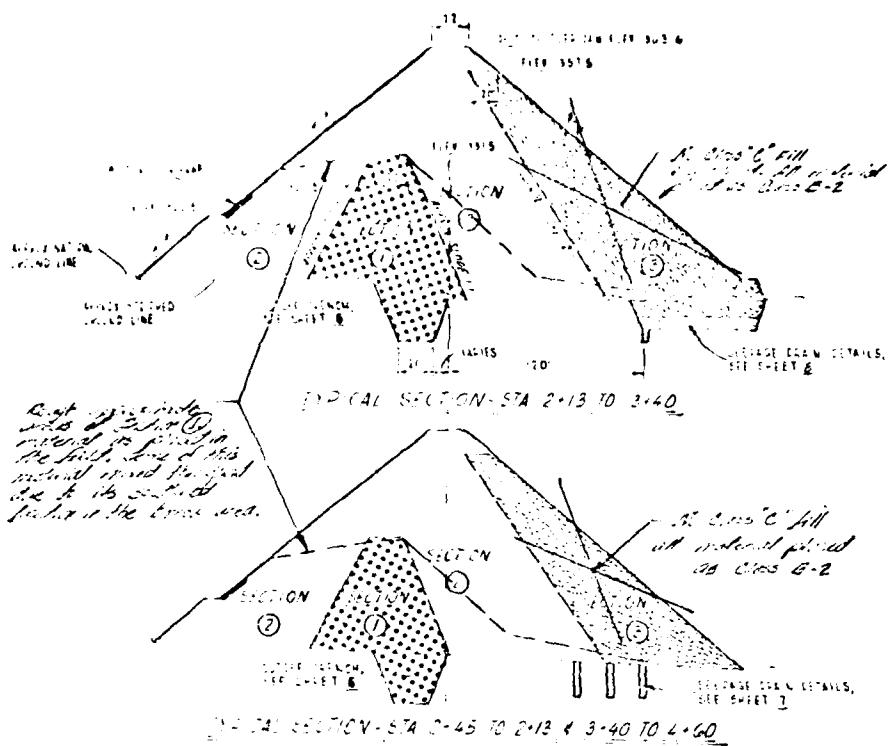
## EROFILES

PROFILES  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAM, SITE NO. 5

1280 1964  
W 107. CM 1964

HD 443 - P

C-3



**SECTION 1** COMPACTED FILL, CLASS B-2

SILT AND CLAY (ML & CL) MATERIAL  
REPRESENTED BY:

TP-001 0' TO 5'  
TP-002 5' TO 10'  
TP-003 10' TO 50'

**SECTION 2** COMPACTED FILL, CLASS C

SILT (ML) MATERIAL  
REPRESENTED BY:

TP-001 0' TO 10'  
TP-002 10' TO 15'  
TP-003 15' TO 40'  
TP-004 40' TO 50'

**SECTION 3** WEATHERED SOIL, TALUS, CLASS C

WEATHERED SOIL, TALUS, EMERGENCY RAILWAY  
EXCAVATION, REPRESENTED BY:

A-004	0'	TO	6'	
A-005	6'	TO	23'	
A-002	15'	TO	26'	
A-003	26'	TO	24'	

WEATHERED SOIL, TALUS, CLASS C

WEATHERED SOIL, TALUS, CLASS C  
WEATHERED SOIL, TALUS, CLASS C  
WEATHERED SOIL, TALUS, CLASS C

NOTE: THE BOUNDARIES OF THE SOILS ARE DETERMINED  
AND INDICATED ON THE CROSS SECTION AS ACTUAL  
AND SEEN IN THE FIELD. THE SOIL LINES  
ARE APPROXIMATE.

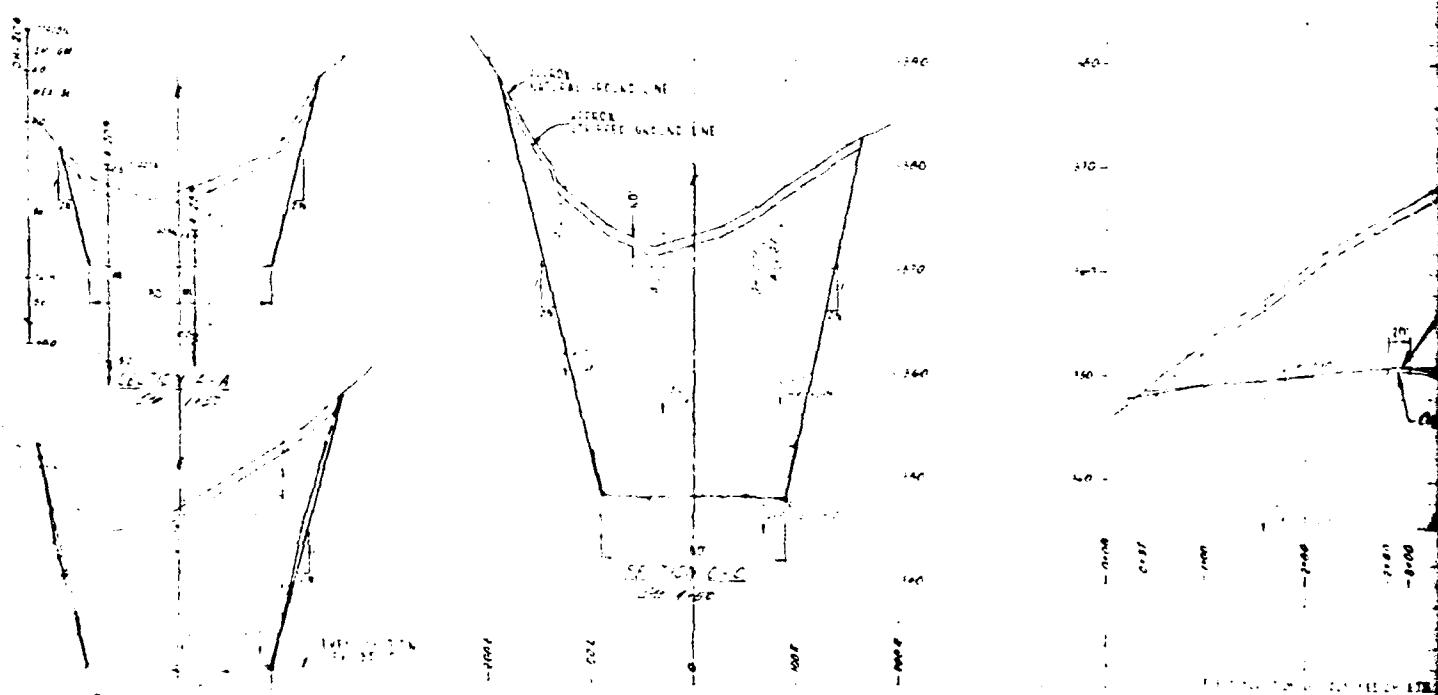


Chart 16. SECTION 16-17-18-19 SOILS BY EXCAVATION  
AS SHOWN ON THE CROSS SECTIONS

**SECTION ①** COVERED FILL, CLASS B-2

SILT AND CLAY (ML & CL) MATERIAL  
REPRESENTED BY:

TD-01 67 TO 5'  
TD-101 19 TO 7'  
TD-202 10 TO 5'

**SECTION ②** CONTRACTED FILL, CLASS A-1

SILT AND CLAY (ML & CL) MATERIAL  
REPRESENTED BY:

TD-201 1 TO 15'  
TD-102 1.5 TO 1.5'  
A-103 1.5 TO 1.5'  
A-101 10 TO 15'

SEE PAGE EIGHT,  
SEE SHEET 8

**SECTION ③** CONTRACTED FILL, CLASS A-1

WEATHERED SOILS FROM EMERGENCY SPILLWAY  
EXCAVATION, REPRESENTED BY:

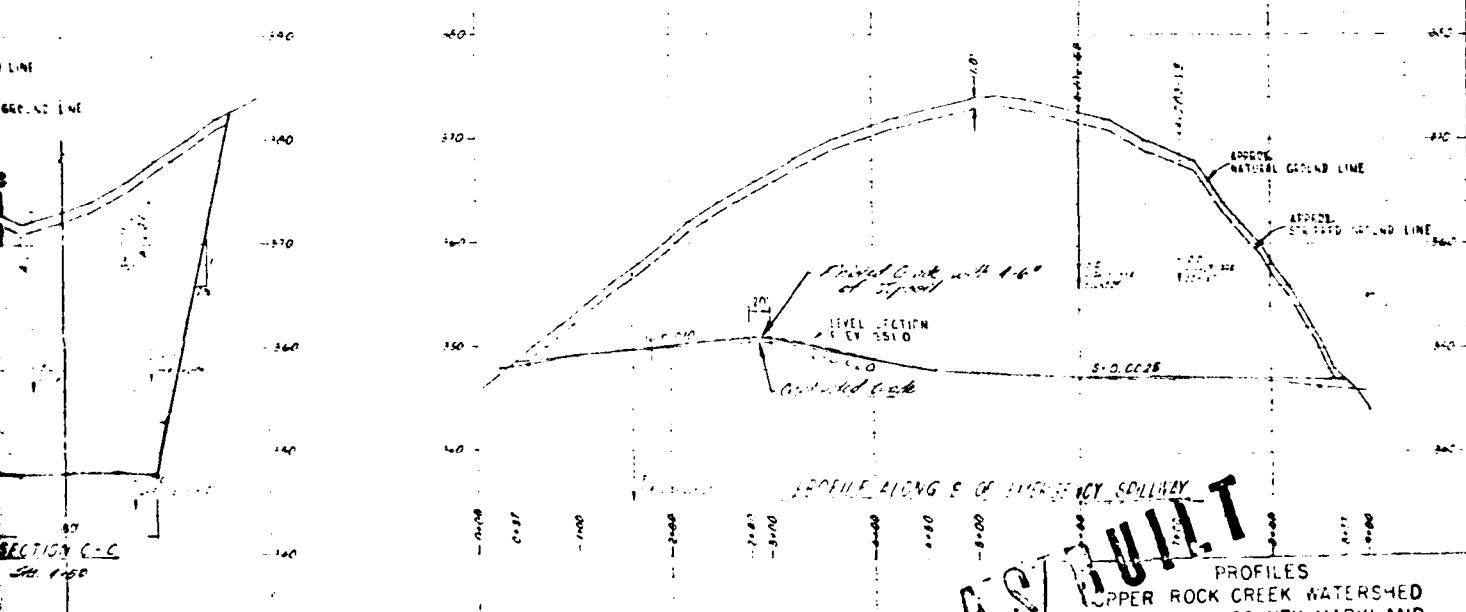
A-214 12' TO 6'  
A-215 45' TO 73.5'  
A-202 15' TO 26'  
A-203 12' TO 24' ] - APPENDIX DEPTHS

Soil and rock fill and compacted  
material placed  
as Class B-2

NOTE: THE ALTITUDES OF SECTION 3, CONTRACTED  
SOILS REFER TO THE LEVEL OF THE SPILLWAY  
AND BE ADJUSTED TO THE EXCAVATED  
ELEVATION.

SEE PAGE EIGHT,  
SEE SHEET 8

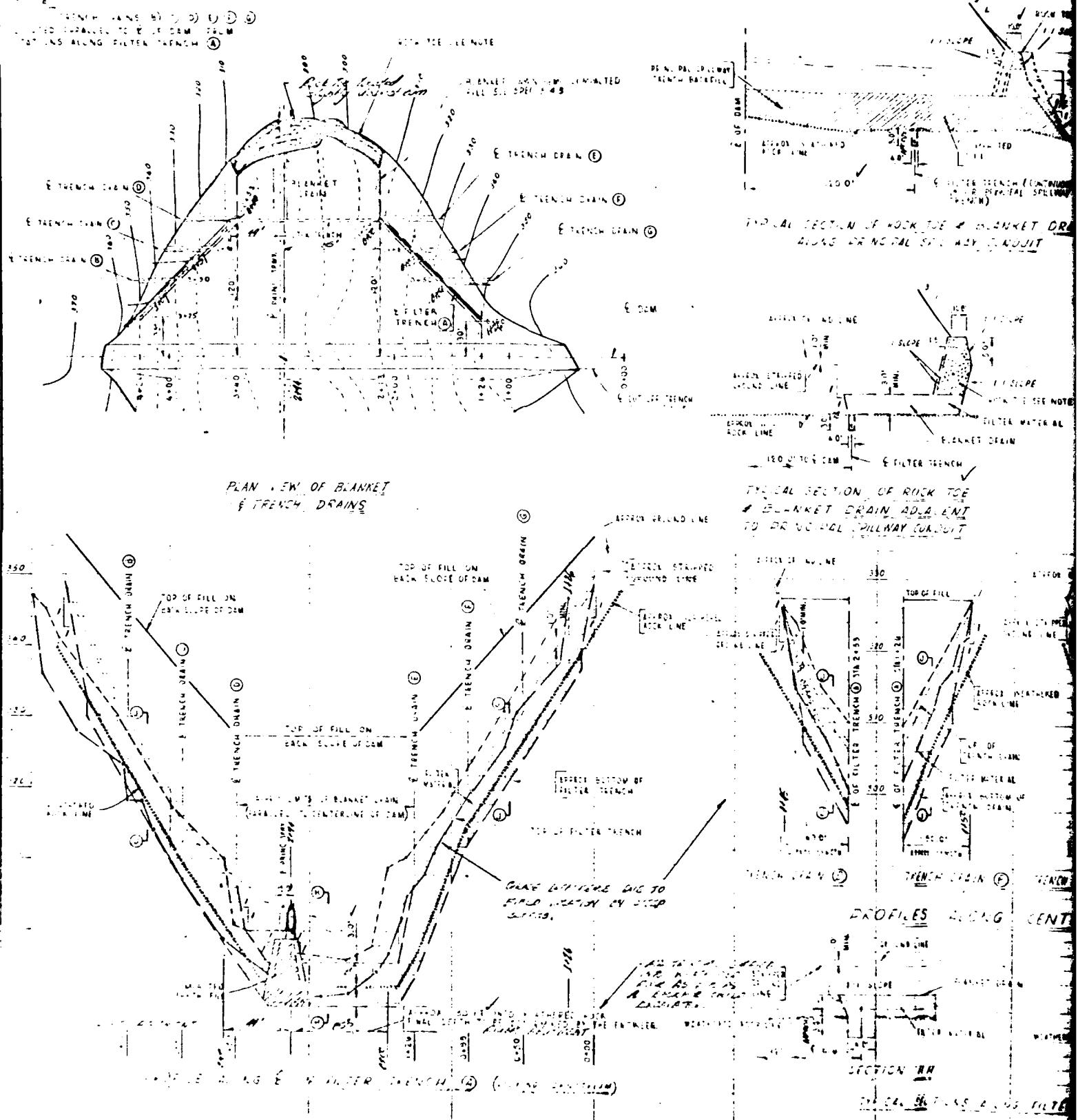
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PROFILES  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAM, SITE NO. 5  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

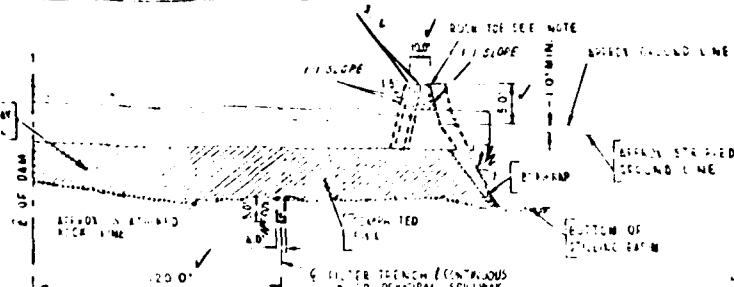
4.0 0.66  
3.5 0.58  
3.0 0.51  
2.5 0.44  
2.0 0.37  
1.5 0.30  
1.0 0.23  
0.5 0.16  
0.0 0.09  
-0.5 -0.06  
-1.0 -0.13  
-1.5 -0.20  
-2.0 -0.27  
-2.5 -0.34  
-3.0 -0.41  
-3.5 -0.48  
-4.0 -0.55  
-4.5 -0.62  
-5.0 -0.69  
-5.5 -0.76  
-6.0 -0.83  
-6.5 -0.90  
-7.0 -0.97  
-7.5 -1.04  
-8.0 -1.11  
-8.5 -1.18  
-9.0 -1.25  
-9.5 -1.32  
-10.0 -1.39  
-10.5 -1.46  
-11.0 -1.53  
-11.5 -1.60  
-12.0 -1.67  
-12.5 -1.74  
-13.0 -1.81  
-13.5 -1.88  
-14.0 -1.95  
-14.5 -2.02  
-15.0 -2.09  
-15.5 -2.16  
-16.0 -2.23  
-16.5 -2.30  
-17.0 -2.37  
-17.5 -2.44  
-18.0 -2.51  
-18.5 -2.58  
-19.0 -2.65  
-19.5 -2.72  
-20.0 -2.79  
-20.5 -2.86  
-21.0 -2.93  
-21.5 -3.00  
-22.0 -3.07  
-22.5 -3.14  
-23.0 -3.21  
-23.5 -3.28  
-24.0 -3.35  
-24.5 -3.42  
-25.0 -3.49  
-25.5 -3.56  
-26.0 -3.63  
-26.5 -3.70  
-27.0 -3.77  
-27.5 -3.84  
-28.0 -3.91  
-28.5 -3.98  
-29.0 -4.05  
-29.5 -4.12  
-30.0 -4.19

C-4



DATE 10-10-63  
SPEC 10-10-63

PERIODIC FILTER  
TRENCH BARRIER



#### ROCK TOE NOTE

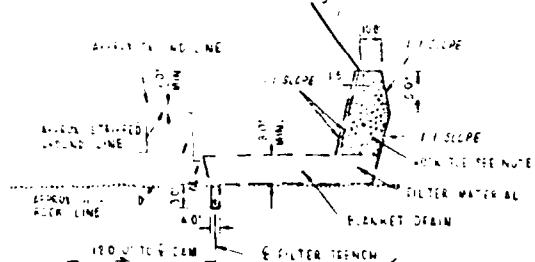
ROCK TOE FILLED TO CLASS ST OF CLEAN ROCK NOT LESS THAN OR GREATER THAN ST WITH ENOUGH ROCK SPALLS & CHIPS TO FILL Voids. ROCK TOE REBROKEN SLIGHTLY DOWNTOWNS TO 1400 FEET AND DRAIN TRENCH, 1400 FEET AND DRAIN TRENCH.

TRENCH DRAIN ①

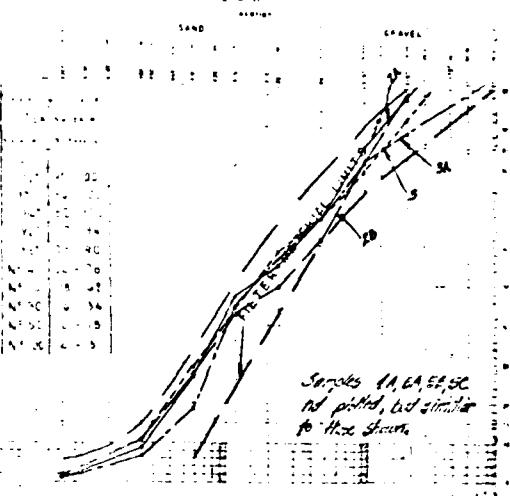
TRENCH DRAIN ②

TRENCH DRAIN ③

Typical section of rock toe & blanket drain  
during normal soil way conduit



#### RAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION GRAPH



ASPECT FAULDED LINE

PERIODIC FILTER

Typical section of rock toe  
& blanket drain adjacent  
to public highway conduit

SECTION OF FILTER

SECTION OF FILTER

ONE SECTION DUG TO  
TEST LOCATION ON STEP  
SLOPES.

TRENCH DRAIN ④

TRENCH DRAIN ⑤

TRENCH DRAIN ⑥

TRENCH DRAIN ⑦

TRENCH DRAIN ⑧

PROFILES ALONG CENTERLINES OF TRENCHES

WEATHERED ROCK  
TESTED BY THE ENGINEER

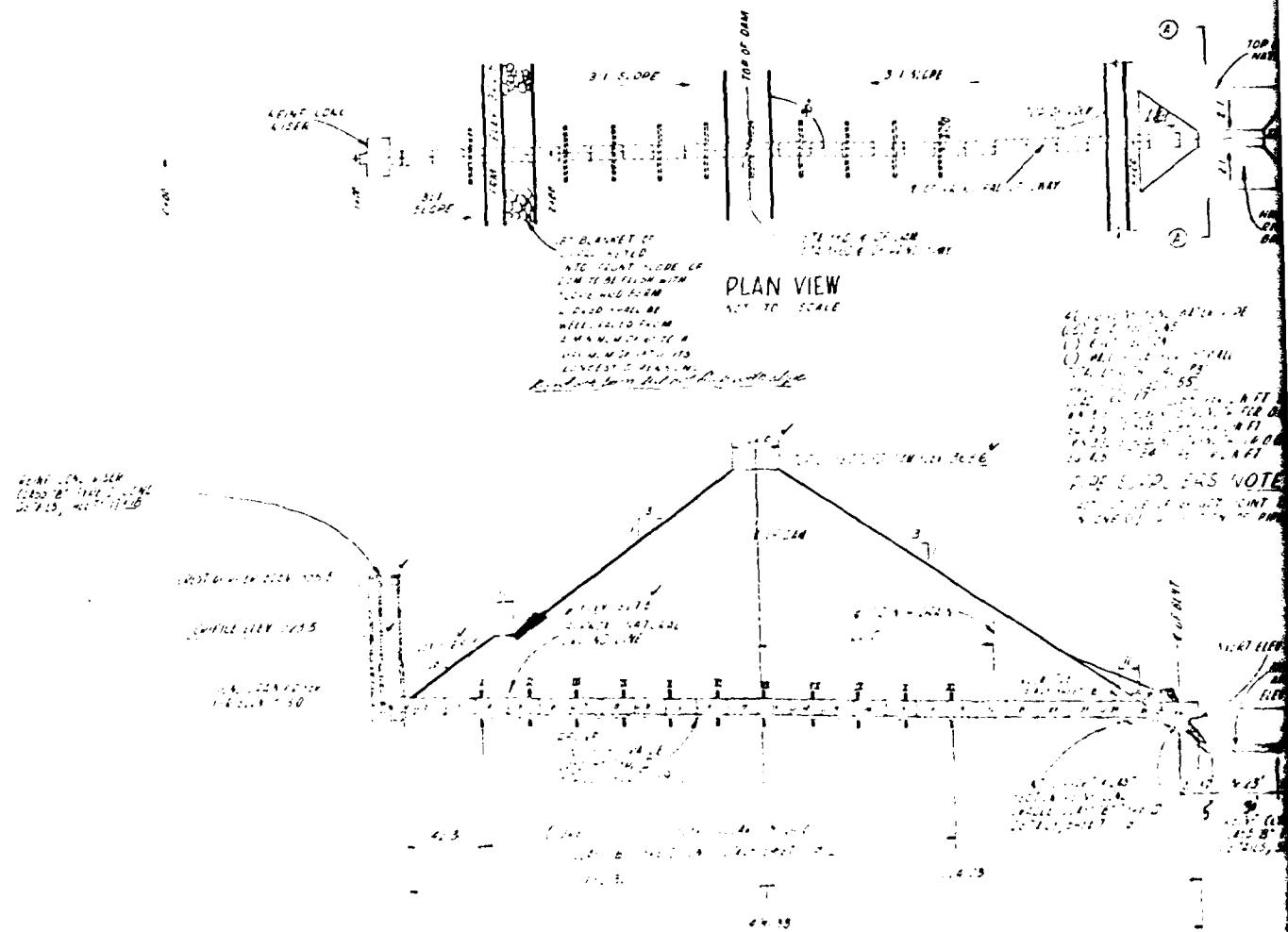
WEATHERED ROCK  
TESTED BY THE ENGINEER

SECTION HH

SECTION JJ

SEEPAGE DRAIN DETAILS  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAM, SITE NO. 5  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

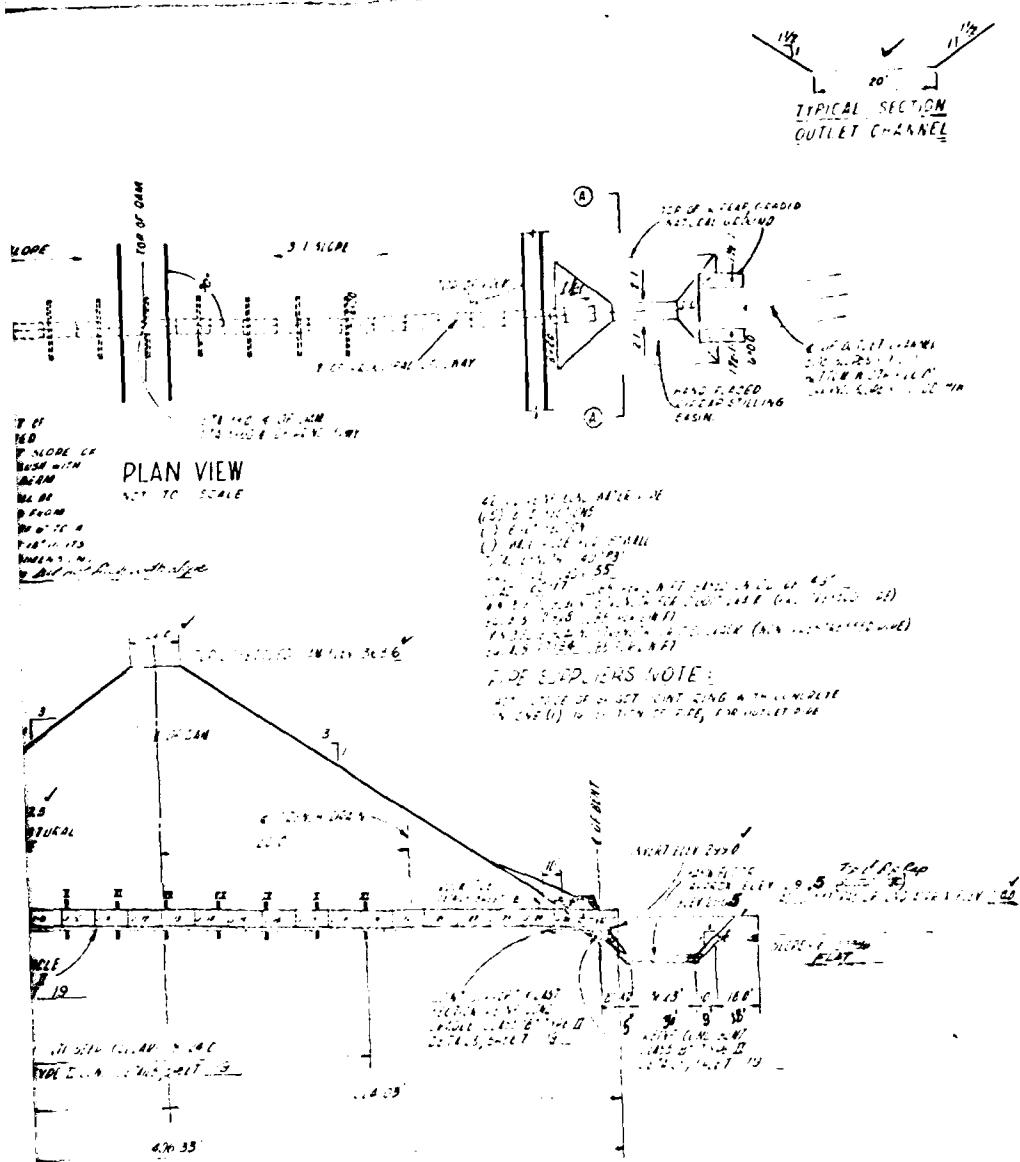
SECTION HH  
SECTION JJ  
MD 443-P



PROFILE ALONG E OF PRINCIPAL SPRAY



SECTION A-A  
STRENGTH TEST



SL#	JOINT GAP	JOINT CAP	JOINT GAP	JOINT CAP
J-1	1.33	36.00	10.00	10.00
J-2	1.33	32.95	10.00	10.00
J-3	22.33	32.95	10.00	10.00
J-4	26.33	32.66	10.00	10.00
J-5	34.33	32.55	10.00	10.00
J-6	10.33	32.41	10.00	10.00
J-7	66.33	32.28	10.00	10.00
J-8	127.33	32.15	10.00	10.00
J-9	1.00	30.01	10.00	10.00
J-10	134.33	30.00	10.00	10.00
J-11	130.33	30.75	10.00	10.00
J-12	166.33	30.61	10.00	10.00
J-13	18.33	30.48	10.00	10.00
J-14	128.33	30.30	10.00	10.00
J-15	214.33	30.11	10.00	10.00
J-16	230.33	30.05	10.00	10.00
J-17	246.33	30.07	10.00	10.00
J-18	262.33	30.05	10.00	10.00
J-19	172.33	30.02	10.00	10.00
J-20	258.33	30.04	10.00	10.00
J-21	310.33	30.06	10.00	10.00
J-22	326.33	299.59	10.00	10.00
J-23	342.33	299.71	10.00	10.00
J-24	358.33	299.53	10.00	10.00
J-25	374.33	299.35	10.00	10.00
J-26	395.33	295.18	10.00	10.00
L7167	406.33	299.00	10.00	10.00

**THE MEMBERSHIP LISTINGS OF P.D.E. ARE  
BASED ON WORK LISTINGS AND NOT  
INCLUDE LISTED**

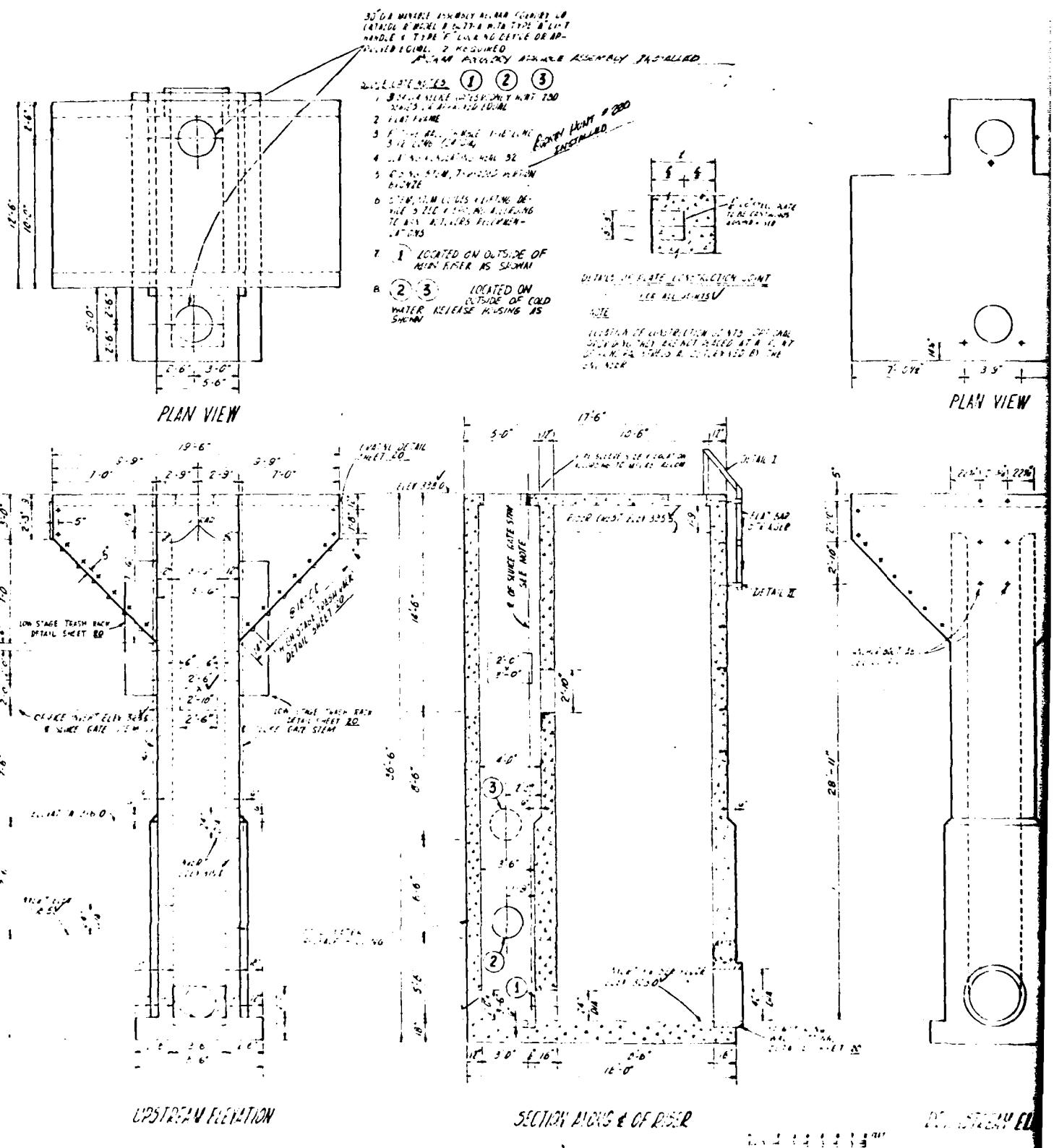
12.18	62748768 62748768	62748768 62748768
I	723	302.66
II	663	121.45
III	503	302.25
IV	116.3	302.05
V	36.3	301.85
VI	102.3	301.65
VII	166.3	301.45
VIII	210.3	301.25
IX	136.3	301.05
X	226.3	300.85
XI	181.3	300.65

AS BUILT  
PLAN - PROFILE C  
UPPER ROCK  
MONTGOMERY

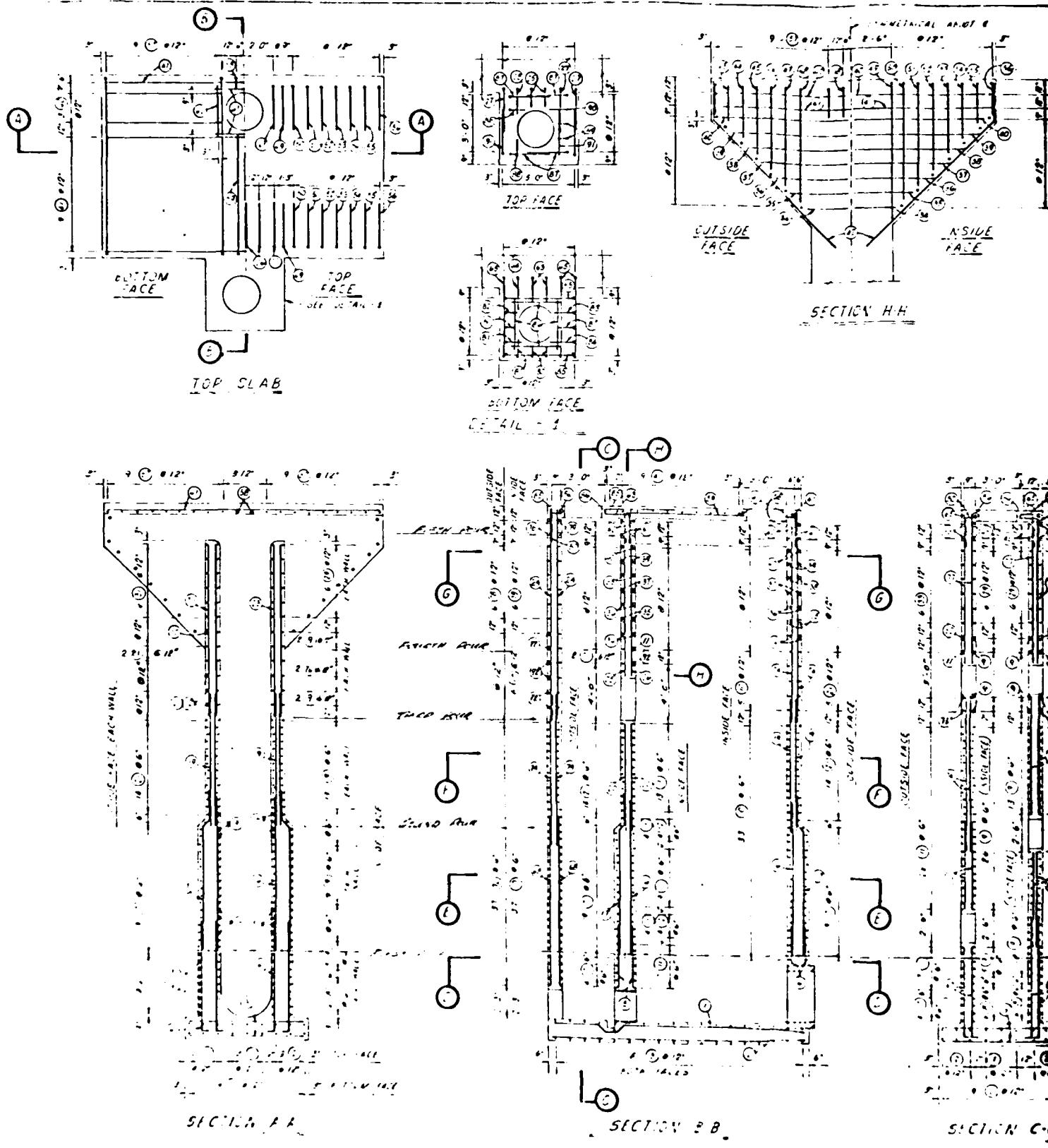
PLAN PROFILE OF PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAM, SITE NO 5  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

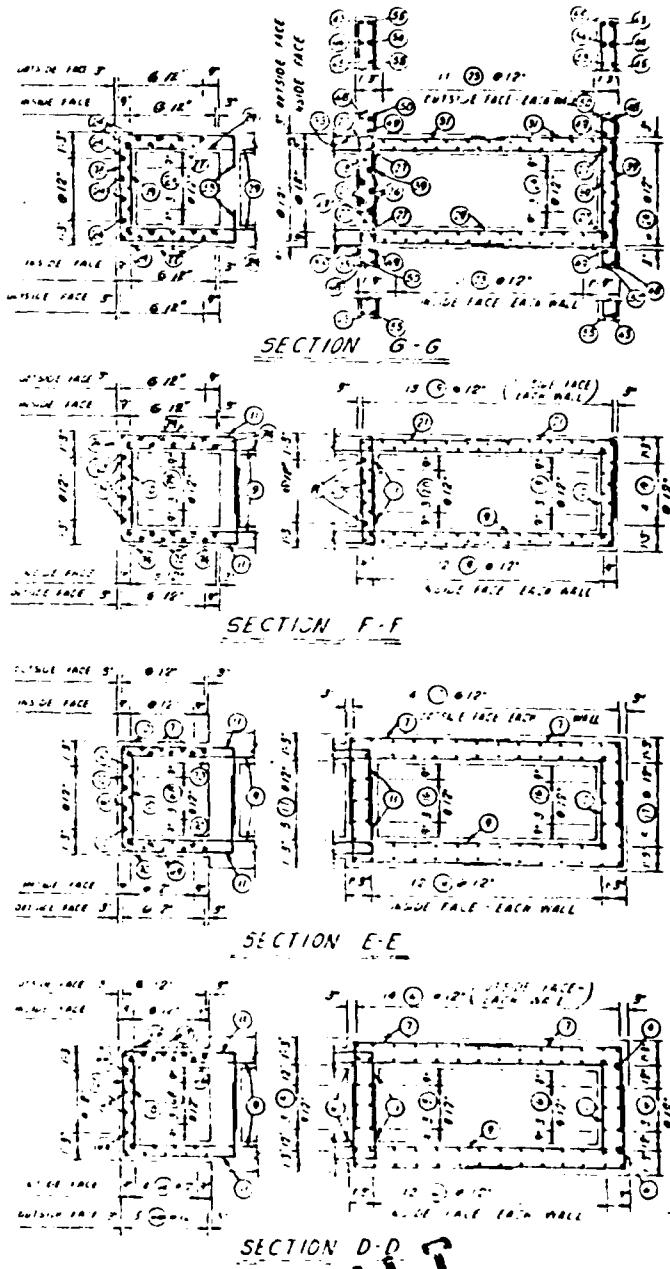
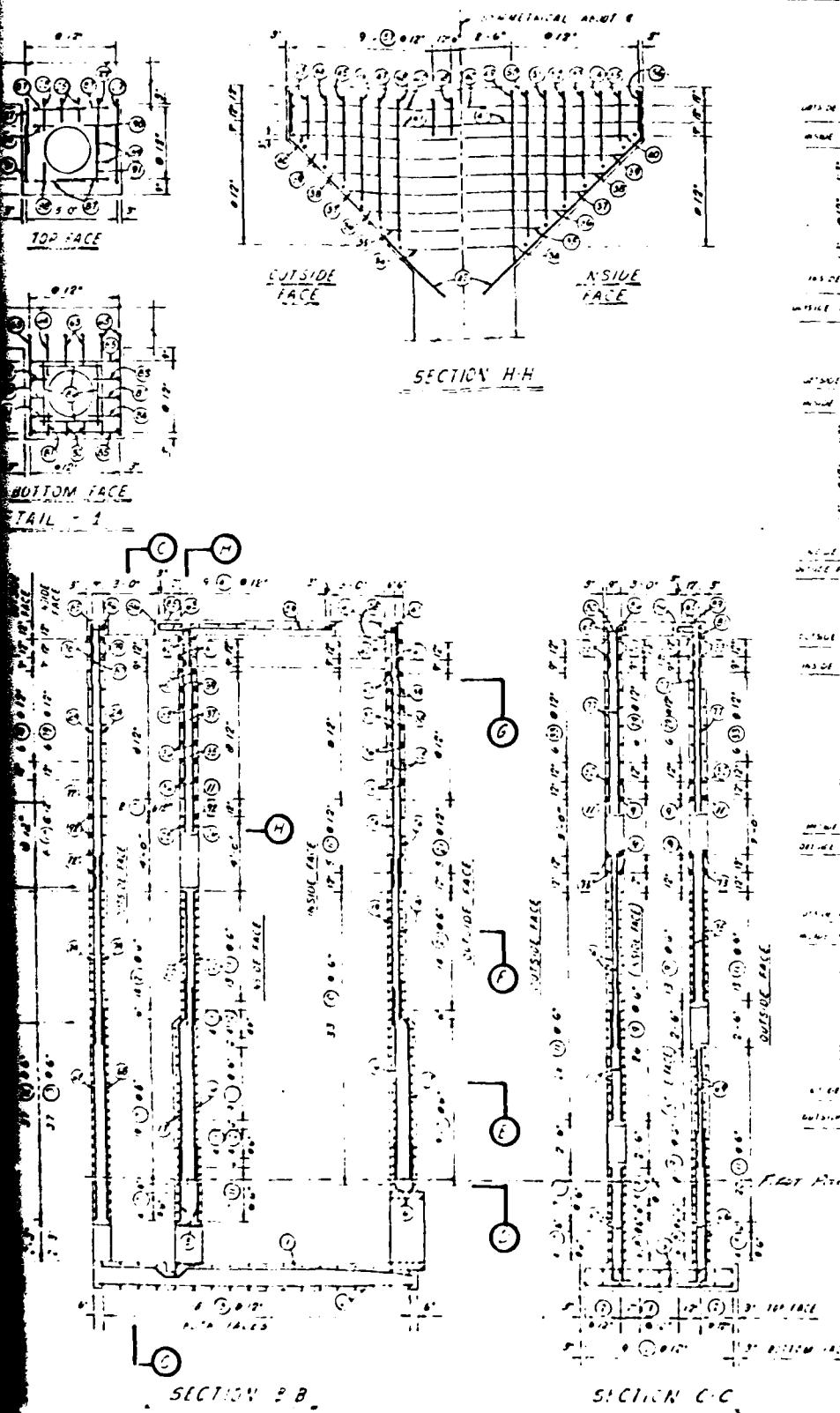
SECTION A-A  
STAINLESS STEEL

C-6





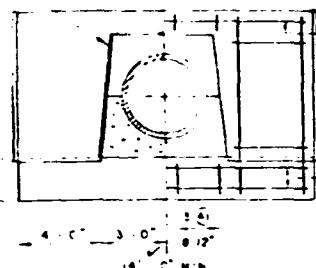




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SEI-REINF. STEEL DETAILS  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAM, SITE NO 5  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

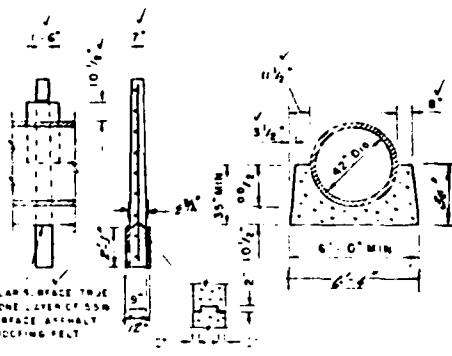
MD 443-P



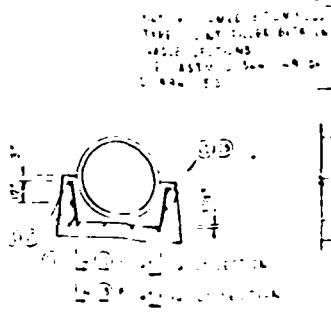
## REINFORCED CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP COLLAR DETAILS

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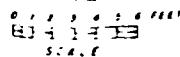
11 - SECURED



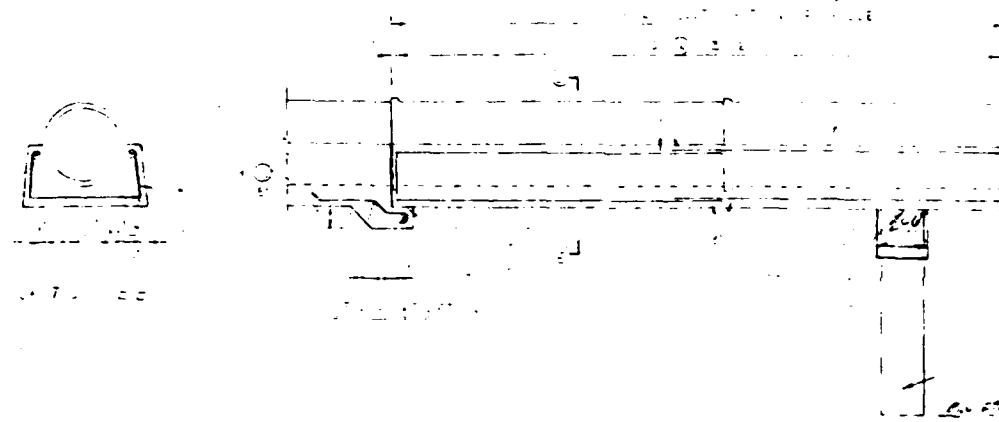
CONCRETE JOINT



SECTION 22



## REINF CONCRETE CRADLE DETAILS

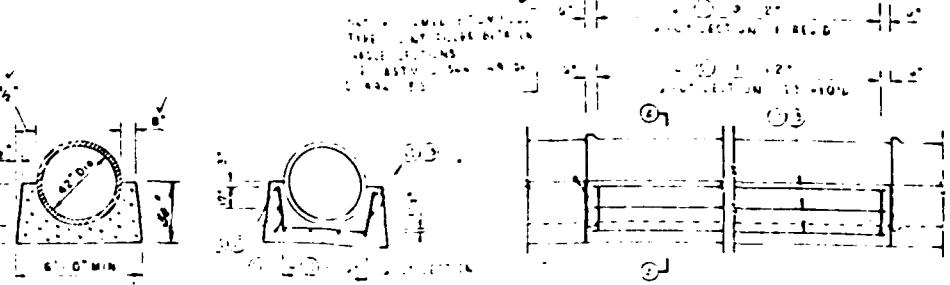


RE NFC-CEU OVERRIDE RACE & FILE BENT DETAILS

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GENERAL NOTES

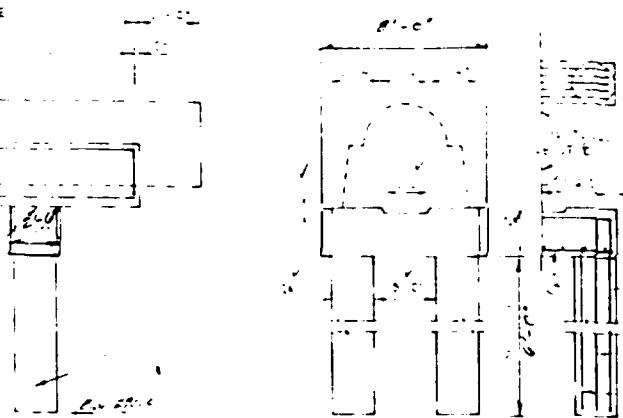
440 ex.  
1000 ex.



SECTION 22

## REINF CONCRETE CRADLE DETAILS

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
834145-  
SCALE



## CRATE RACKE & TIE BEVEL DETAILS

卷之三

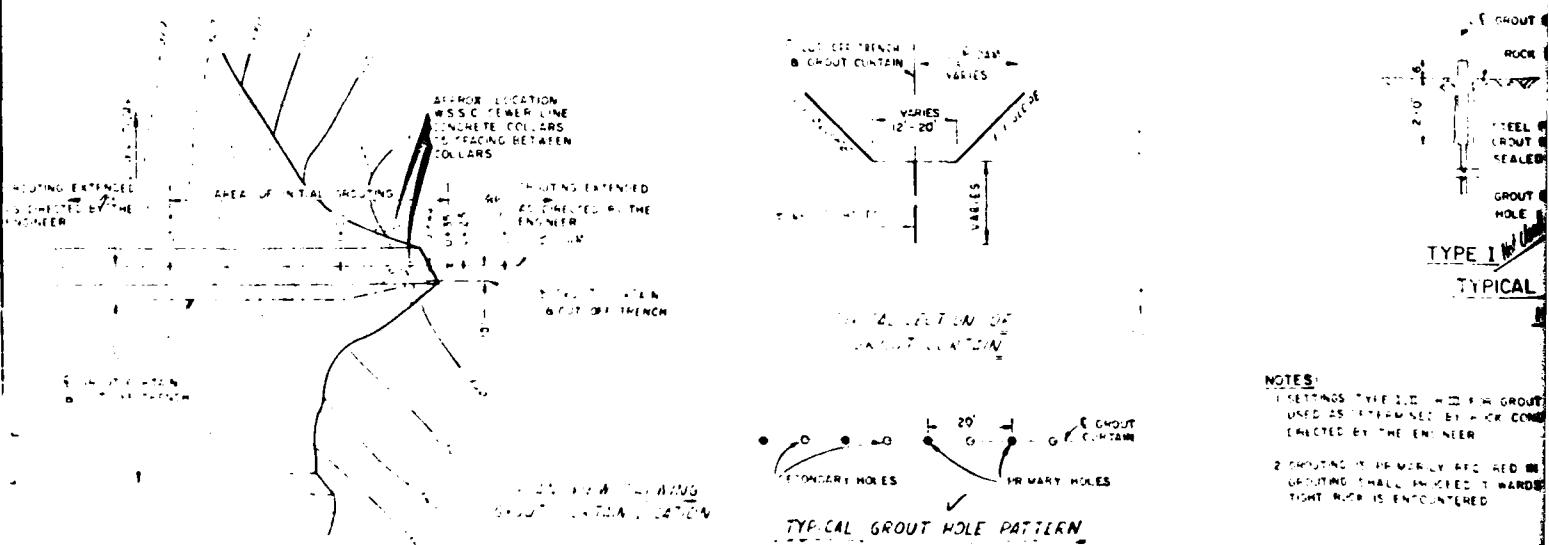
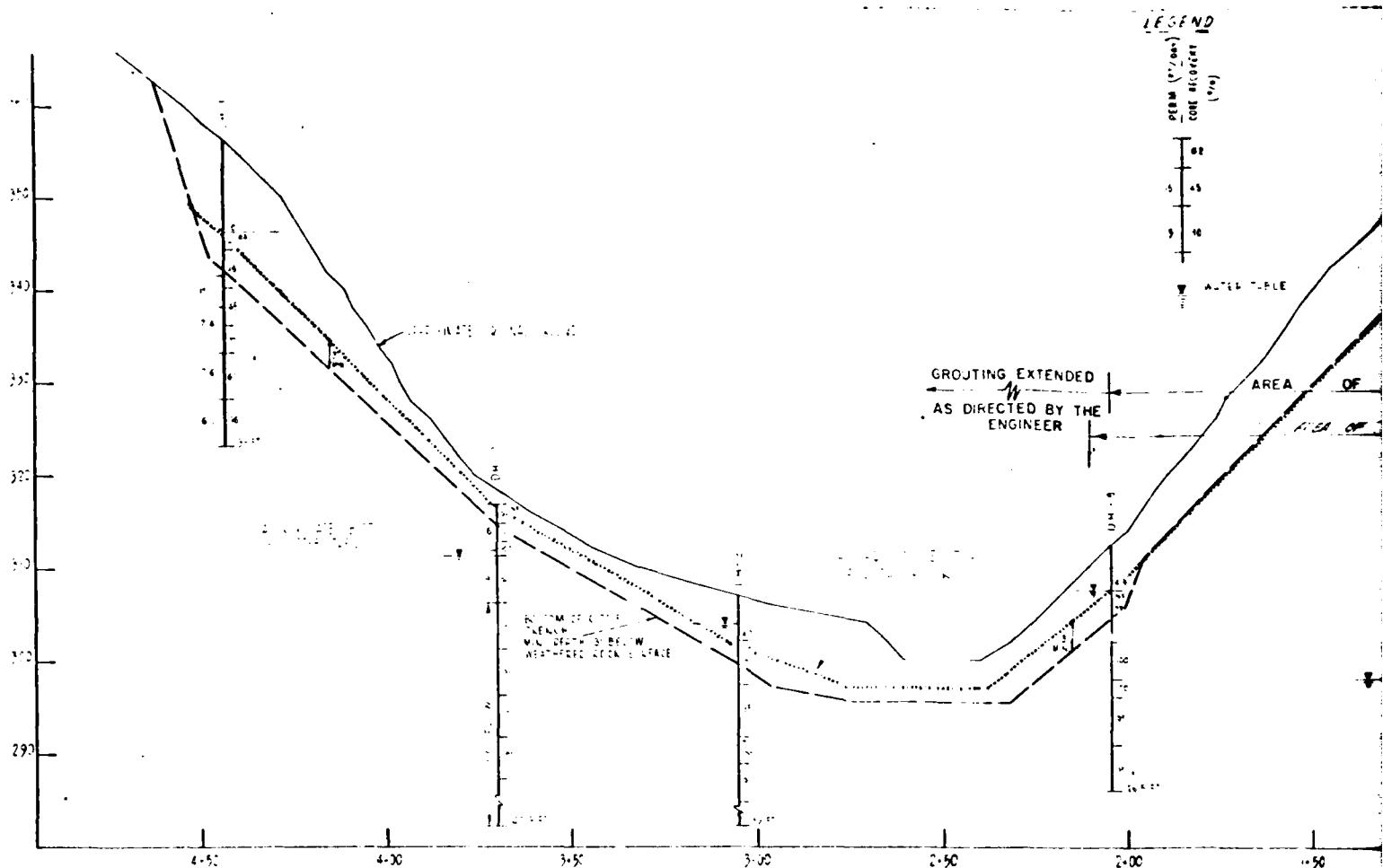
GENERAL NOTES

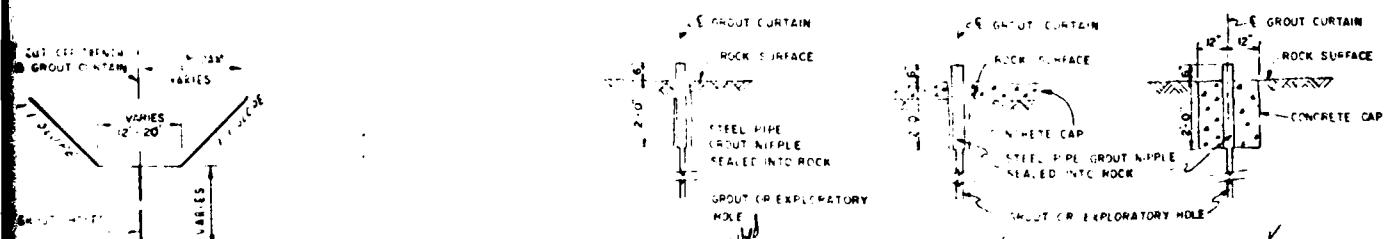
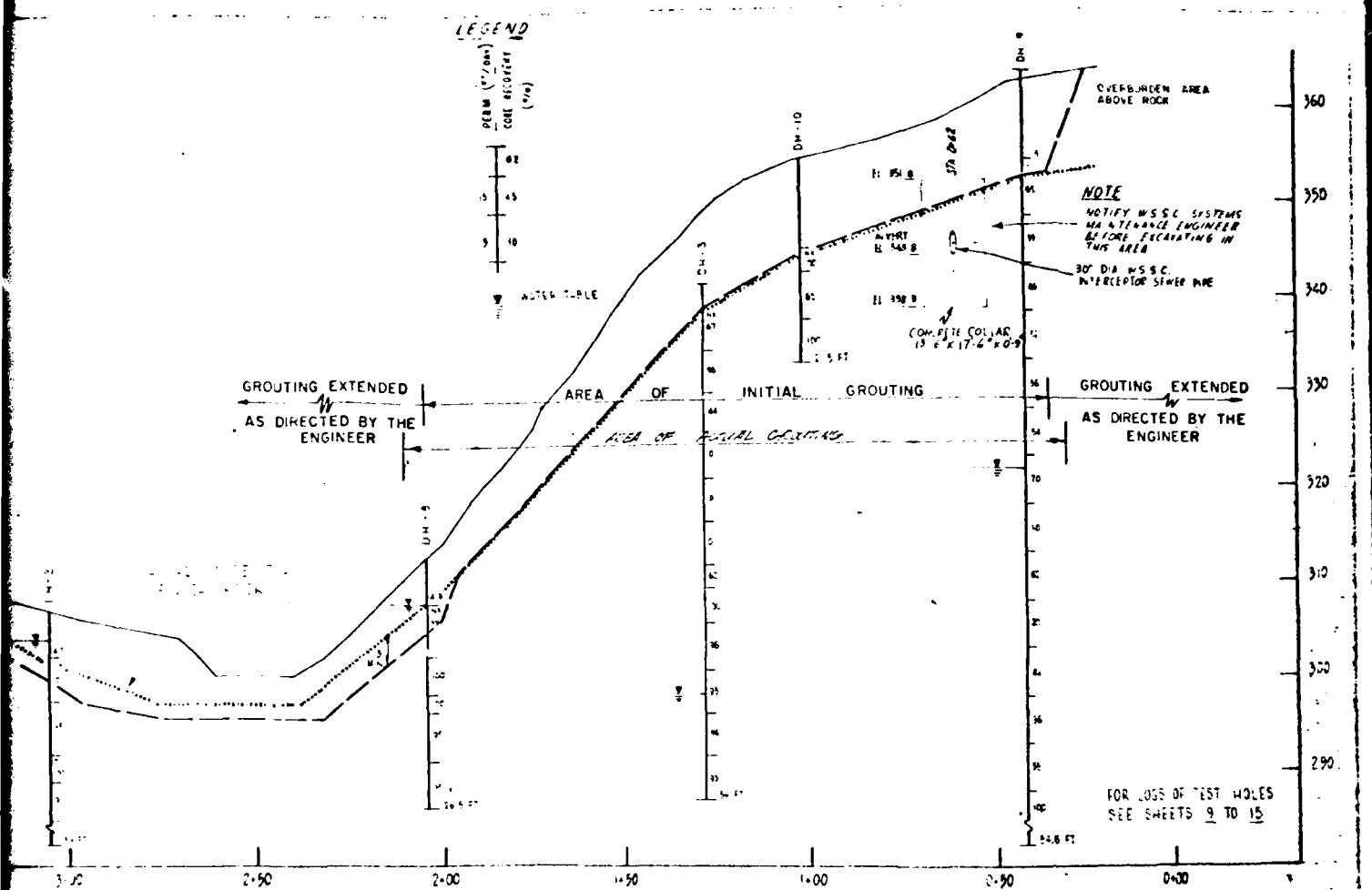
400 cy  
400 cy

23.9 GY 5. - A. & S. 1. - A. S.

CRADLE, COLLAR B BENT DETAILS  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAY, SITE NO 5  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

WD 443-P





TYPE I  
TYPE II  
TYPE III  
TYPICAL NIPPLE SETTING FOR GROUT OR EXPLORATORY  
HOLES DRILLED FROM ROCK SURFACE

No Scale

NOTES:

1. ERECTING THE GROUT CURTAIN WITH PILE NIPPLES OR AN EQUIVALENT  
USED AS DETERMINED BY THE CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AND  
DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

2. DRILLING IS PREDICARILY RECOMMENDED IN THE RIGHT ALIGNMENT, IN RIVER,  
DRILLING SHALL BE KEPT TOWARDS THE LEFT ALIGNMENT UNTIL  
TIGHT ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED.

AS BUILT  
FOUNDATION GROUTING DETAILS  
UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED  
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND  
MULTIPLE PURPOSE DAM, SITE NO. 5  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

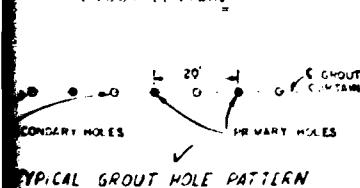
SHANAHAN, REQUARTE & ASSOC.

WILLIAMS, A. B. & SHANAHAN, JR.

SHANAHAN, B. SHANAHAN, JR.

MD 443-P

SEE FIGURE 10 SHEET EIA  
FOR DETAILS OF GROUTING.



30 EX-867

2911 Oct 10:

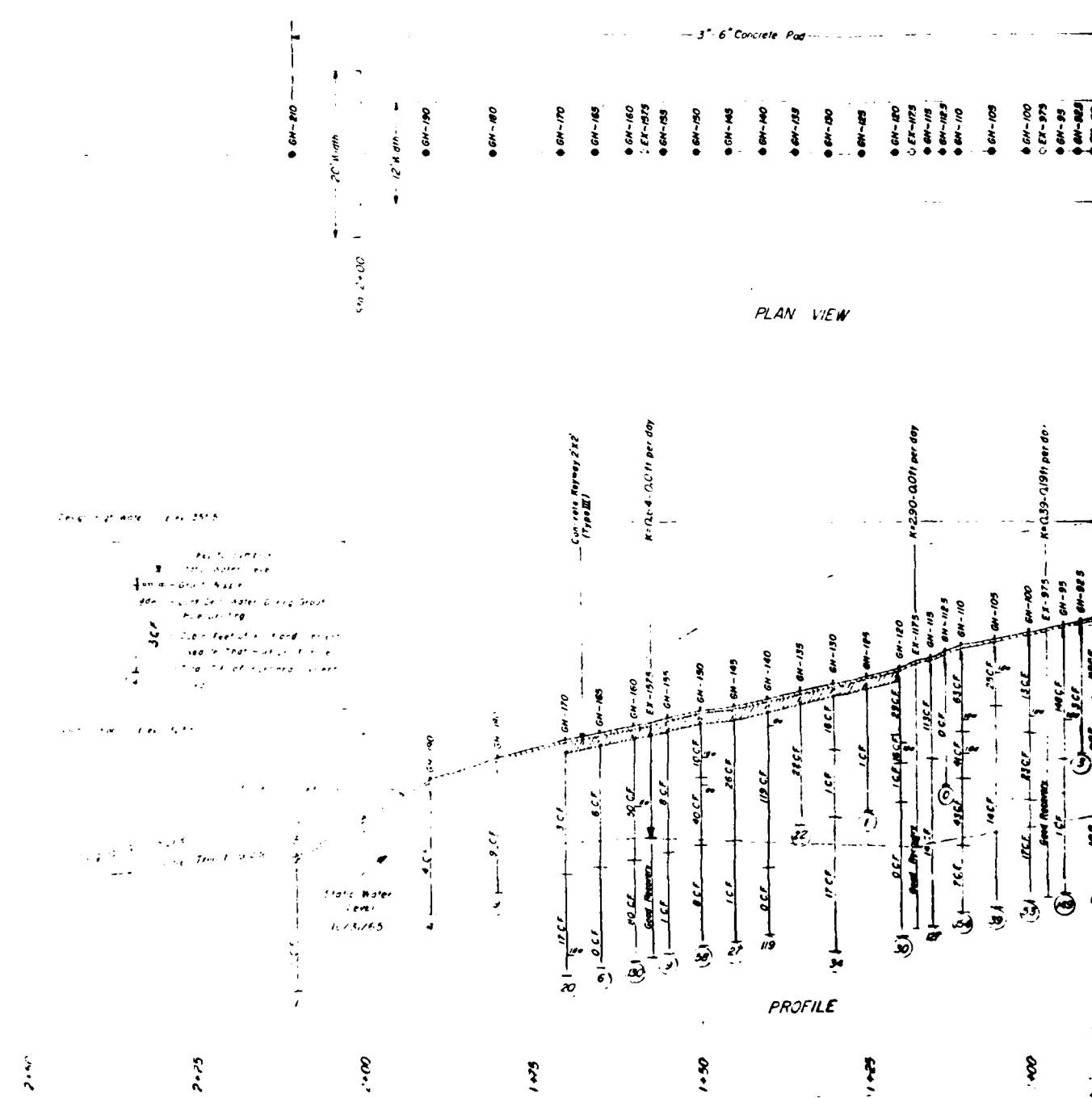
20

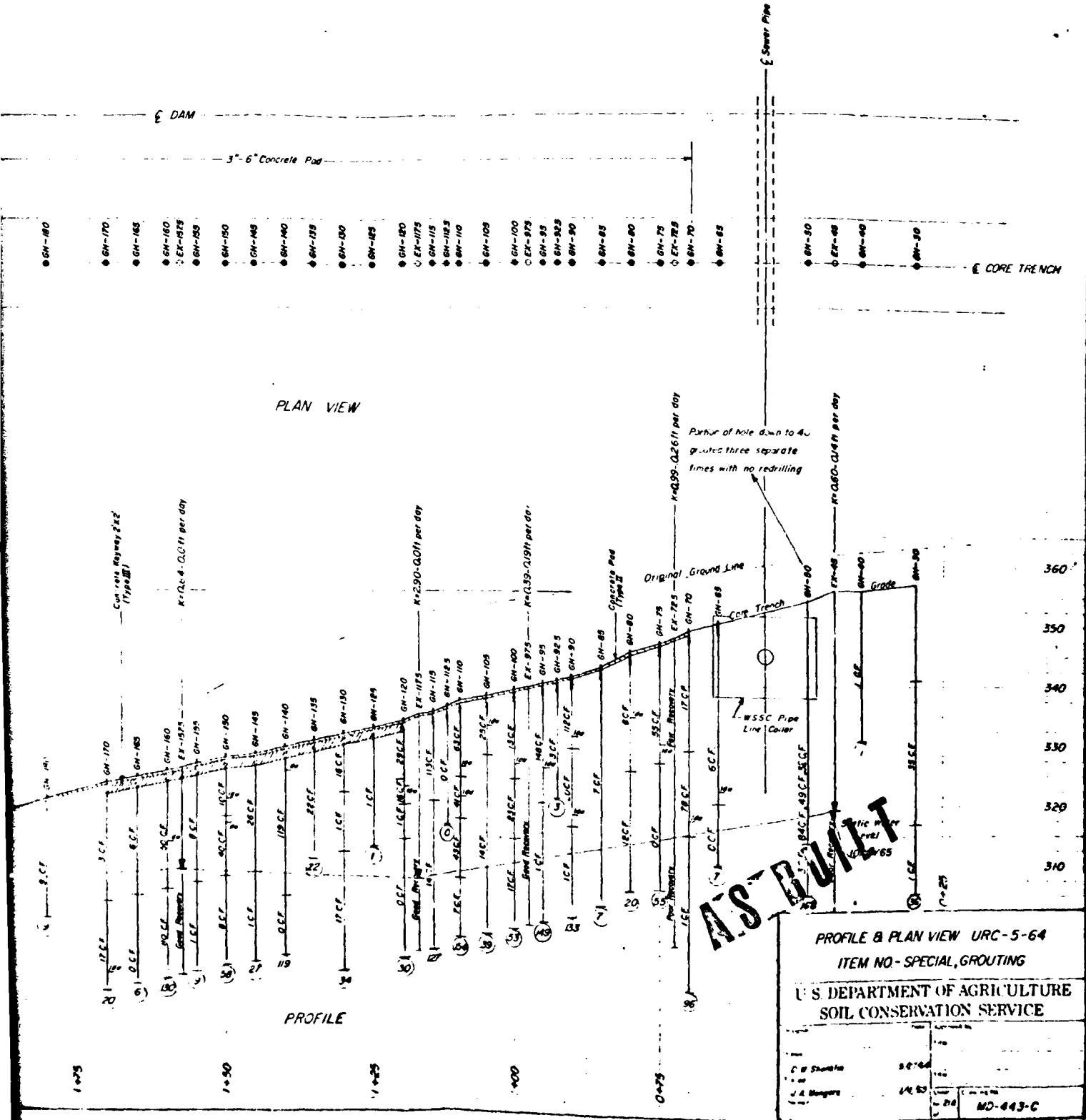
2425

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123

## PROFILE





PROFILE & PLAN VIEW URC-5-64  
ITEM NO.-SPECIAL, GROUTING

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

SOLD & CANCELLED		RECEIVED	
C. O. Shultz	3,674.00	140	
J. A. Rogers	14.50	140	
		- 76	MD-443-C

C-11

**APPENDIX D**  
**PHOTOGRAPHS**

**APPENDIX E**

**ANALYSES**

## Contents

- Sheet E-2      Snyder's Unit Hydrograph
- E-3      Data From Design Report Review
- E-4      Stages - Storage Data
- E-5      Emergency Spillway Rating Curve
- E-6 thru E-9 Computer Data

Snyder's Unit Hydrograph and  
HEC-L Dam Safety Version

from Baltimore District Data

Zone 33  $\rightarrow$  Ct = Plate K

$$C_p = 1.25$$

$$\text{use: } t_p = 2.5 (L LCA)^{0.3}$$

$$t_p = 2.5 (7.8 \times 3.5)^{0.3} = 6.74 \text{ hrs.}$$

where:  $L = 7.8 \text{ miles}$

$$LCA = 3.5 \text{ miles}$$

W Card input  $t_p = 6.74$   $C_p = 1.25$  into program

From Hydromet 33, Precip. PMP Index = 24.3 inch, Zone 6

P Card read  $R_6$   $R_{12}$   $R_{24}$   
 $112\%$   $122\%$   $130\%$

from Baltimore District, Loss Data use 1" and 0.05% / hr.

T Card

from Baltimore District, Recession Data use -1.0, -0.05, 2.0

X Card

From Design Report Review

D.A. = 12.77 mi<sup>2</sup> = 8173 ACRES

T<sub>c</sub> = 5.3 hrs.

RCN (AMC II) = 82

Emergency spillway

width - 180 feet

side slope - 2 1/2 : 1

level section - 20 feet

exit slope - 2%, 150 feet  $\rightarrow$  25%, 427 feet

entrance slope - 1%, length 243 feet

Stage - Storage Data

<u>(MSL) Stage</u>	<u>Surface Area, Ac.</u>	<u>Cum. Storage Ac. - ft.</u>
Sediment Pool	318.8	48
Recreation/Normal Pool	323.5	74
Riser Crest	335.5	121
Emerg. Spillway Crest	351.0	214
Design High Water	355.5	248
Top of Dam	363.6	317
		303
		600
		$1155 + 600 = 1755$
		$3700 + 600 = 4300$
		$4500 + 600 = 5100$
		$6720 + 600 = 7320$
		↑
		↓
	— CARDS —	→

#600 is storage allocated to sediment and recreation, see sheet 3 of Section I and sheet 4 of Section 3 of Design Report

## Emergency Spillway Rating Curve

<u>Stage</u>	<u>Discharge</u>
351.0	0
352.0	250
353.0	690
354.0	1540
355.0	2950
356.0	4720
357.0	6800
358.0	9010
360.0	14180
362.0	20260
364.0	27000
Y <sup>4</sup> CARD	↑
	Y <sup>5</sup> CARD

from Emerg. Spillway Rating Curve -Discharge @ top of dam

elev. 363.6 = 25,500 cfs  
neglecting approx. 300 cfs thru riser (principal  
spillway)

Elev. 10 days after 100 yr. 6 hour storm is 366.4 which  
is starting elevation for S.C.S. Freeboard Hydrograph  
 $2.5 \times 6 \text{ hr. pt. rainfall} = 32 \text{ inches}$

Areal rainfall = 27.12 inches

Peak inflow = 32,148 cfs

Peak outflow = 25,800 cfs

1. Ref: Design Report, U.S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service Sec. H-H, p. 22-23

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLUNIT HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HFPC-1)  
 FAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1976  
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 1 A1 SNYDER UNIT HYDROGRAPH, FLOOD ROUTING, AND OAH OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS  
 2 A2 UPPER ROCK CREEK SITES, MONTGOMERY CO., MD. N.O.1. MDGOG46  
 3 A3 FOR 50% AND 100% PMF  
 4 B 58 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 5 B1 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 6 J 1 2 1  
 7 J1 .50 1.00  
 8 K 0 1  
 9 K1 CALCULATION OF PMF RATIOS TO LAKE NEEDWOOD 1  
 10 K 1 12.77 12.77  
 11 P 24.3 112 122 130  
 12 T  
 13 W 6.74 1.25  
 14 X -1.0 -0.05 2.0  
 15 K 1 2  
 16 K1 ROUTED FLOWS THROUGH LAKE NEEDWOOD 1  
 17 Y 1  
 18 Y1 1  
 19 Y4 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 360  
 20 Y4 364 0 250 690 1540 2950 4720 6800 9010 14180 20260  
 21 Y5 27000  
 22 Y5 303 600 1755 4300 5100 7320  
 23 Y5 318.8 323.5 335.5 351.0 355.5 363.6  
 24 Y5 351.0  
 25 Y5 363.6 3.1 1.5 426  
 26 K 94  
 27

COMPUTER INPUT DATA

SYDNER UNIT HYDROGRAPH, FLCOID ROUTING, AND DAM CVERTSTOPPING ANALYSIS  
UPPER ROCK CREEK SITES, MONTGOMERY CO., MD. H.D.I. MDCCG046  
FOR 50% AND 100% PFM

NQ	NHR	NMIN	NDAY	JOB SPECIFICATION			IPLT	IPRT	INSTAN
				INHR	INMIN	METRIC			
58	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0
			JUPER	NWT	LROPT	TRACE			
			5	0	0	0			

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED  
NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 2 LRTIO= 1

TP = 6.74 CP = 1.25 NTA = 6

0 UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA  
RECESSIVE DATA  
QRCSEN = -0.3 RYGR = 2.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 26 FND-1F-PERIOD ORDINATES.  
92. 261. 388. 478. 553. 619. 678. 733. 783. 831.  
87. 919. 956. 959. 925. 882. 838. 790. 740. 686.  
628. 563. 469. 402. 285. 113.

0 DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS END-OF-PERIOD FLOW  
HR.DA COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q

SUM 25.54 23.70 1.44 385363.  
( 649.1( 602.)( 47.)( 10911.98)

\*\*\*\*\*

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTED FLOWS THROUGH LAKE NEEDWOOD

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IFCON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRF	I NAME	I STAGE	I AUTO
2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	ROUTING DATA	10PT	10PP	LSTR	0	0
LOSS	CLOSS	Avg	IRFS ISAME	1	0	0		
6.0	0.000	0.00						
NSIPS	NSIDL	LAG	AMSKK	X	TSK	STRA	ISPRAT	
1	C	C	0.000	0.000	0.000	600.	-1	
STAGE	351.00	352.00	353.00	354.00	355.00	356.00	357.00	358.00
FLOW	0.00	250.00	690.00	1540.00	2950.00	4720.00	6400.00	9010.00
CAPACITY	303.	600.	1755.	4300.	5100.	7320.		
EL. ELEVATION	119.	324.	336.	351.	356.	364.		
1	CRFL	SPWID	CQW	EXPW	FLEV	CQAL	C AREA	EPL
	351.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	TOPtl	CQD	DAM DATA	EXPD	DAMWID			
	363.6	3.1	1.5	426.				

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 7553. AT TIME 25.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 19570. AT TIME 23.00 HOURS

\*\*\*\*\*  
PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS  
FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)  
AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION STATION AREA PLAN RATIO 1 RATIO 2  
.50 1.00

MONOGRAPH AT 1 12.77 1 9856. 19713.  
( 33.67) ( 279.10) ( 558.21)  
ADJUSTED TO 2 12.77 1 7553. 18570.  
( 33.67) ( 213.87) ( 525.86)

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1 .....  
ELEVATION SPILLWAY CREST  
STORAGE 323.5C  
OUTFLOW 600.  
0.

INITIAL VALUE SPILLWAY CREST  
323.5C  
600.  
0.

TOP OF DAM  
363.60  
4360.  
0.

RATIO CF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.50	357.34	0.00	5604.	7553.	0.00	25.00
1.00	361.44	0.60	6724.	18570.	0.00	23.00

PLAN HYDROGRAPH  
DAM SAFETY VERSION HIC(-1)  
LAST MODIFICATION 26 JULY 1978

10

APPENDIX F  
GEOLOGY REPORT

GEOLOGY REPORT

UPPER ROCK CREEK WATERSHED SITE No. 5

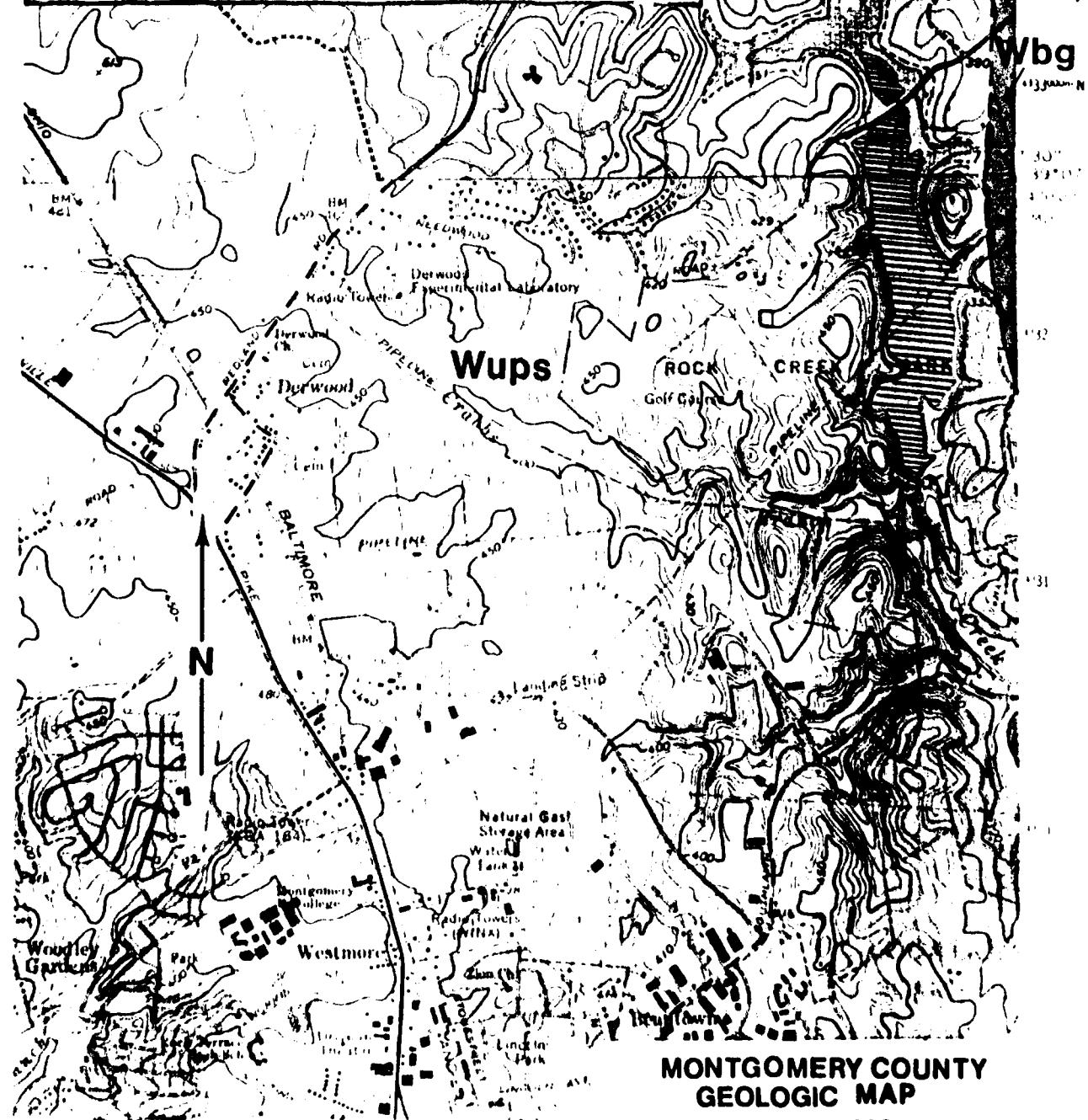
(LAKE NEEDWOOD DAM)

Lake Needwood Dam is situated within the rolling hills of the Piedmont Physiographic Province and is entirely underlain by the upper pelitic schist of the Wissahickon formation of late Precambrian age. This material consists of albite-chlorite-muscovite schist with quartzite beds and sandstone occurring locally. The formation weathers primarily to micaceous silt with some occurrence of clay and silty clay. Less weathered layers of schist and weathered quartzite may be disaggregated into silty sands. Rock and soils derived from rock of this formation generally provide competent foundation materials.

Groundwater occurrence and movement through the formation is predicated primarily upon secondary porosity imparted by hydraulically open joint and fracture systems, as the massive crystalline rock itself is relatively impervious. Rock cores obtained for the design of Lake Needwood Dam indicate that the upper 10 to 30 feet of rock underlying the dam is highly fractured and water pressure tests suggest moderately pervious conditions. Apparently the designers interpreted the subsurface data at the right side of the dam to indicate potential seepage problems as provisions were made for a grout curtain. However, the original interpretation is not available and review of the subsurface data does not reveal any marked difference in the geo-hydrologic characteristics of the formation underlying the dam.

## Wups - Upper Pelitic Schist

## Wbg - Boulder Gneiss



# MONTGOMERY COUNTY GEOLOGIC MAP

Scale 1:24000

#### REFERENCES

1. Dingman, R. J. Meyer, G., and Martin, R.O.R., 1954 Water Resources of Howard and Montgomery Counties, State of Maryland Board of Natural Resources, Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources; Baltimore, Maryland.
2. Geologic Map of Maryland, Maryland Geologic Survey, Compiled and edited by E.T. Cleaves et.al.; 1968.